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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

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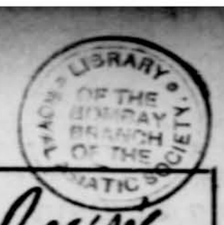

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ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF BURMA PREMIER

Thakin Nu's Providential Escape

But British Officer Following In Jeep Gets Hit

RANGOON, Nov. 6. (Reuter): Thakin Nu, Burmese Premier, today escaped unhurt from an attempt to assassinate him at Mingaladon Airport when he was returning to Rangoon from a holy pilgrimage.

BRITISH OFFICER WOUNDED

The would-be assassins wounded a British officer, when they opened fire from a roadside jungle on the Prime Minister's station wagon travelling near the military lines at Mingaladon, eye-witness told Reuter.

The British officer, who was following in a jeep, was believed to have been killed, but this could not be confirmed.

Thakin Nu was returning to Rangoon after a week of "penance and merit making" at the sacred Buddhist Pagoda at Thaton, in Lower Burma, where he had retired after announcing details of the Anglo-Burmese Treaty.

Thakin Nu took office as Premier after the assassination at Rangoon last July of the former Prime Minister, U. Aung San and six other Burmese Ministers.

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE

An official Communique issued later said that the Premier's car was not hit by any of the six bullets fired by the assassins but that a British officer of Burma Command Signal Corps was injured and one British other rank killed.

The attackers escaped into the jungle at the roadside after making the attack near Mingaladon airfield.

3 CABINET MINISTERS FOR ARAKAN

Three members of the Burmese Cabinet will fly this week-end to the Arakan Division of the West Coast of Burma where renewed outbreaks of lawlessness have been reported, it was reliably learned here today.

They are, Col. Bolet Ya, Defence Minister; U Kyaw Nyein, Home Minister; and U Aung Zanwai, Social Services Minister.

Enhanced Taxes For Britain

Dalton To Present Interim Budget On Wednesday

LONDON, Nov. 6 (Reuter): The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dr. Hugh Dalton, will present his anti-inflation interim budget to the House of Commons next Wednesday, Mr Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, announced today in the House of Commons.

INCREASED TAXES

The budget, designed to curb the nation's spending power, which is being introduced half-way through the financial year, is expected to mean an increase in tobacco duty, purchase tax and profits tax, as well as possible changes in the system of food subsidies.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH
NEW YORK, Nov. 6

Previous closing	32.82
Today's opening	32.86
Difference	+4
Today's closing	32.80
Difference	—2

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Nov. 6

Cotton Jarila Jan.	Rs.	460 8
Cotton Jarila March	Rs.	464 8
Silver Bullion	Rs.	159 6
Gold Forward	Rs.	103 11
Sovereign	Rs	68 12

Stop Press

INDIA IN TRUSTEESHIP COMMITTEE

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), November 6. (Reuter): India, China, Russia, Egypt, Cuba, Sweden Nicaragua and Colombia were today elected to serve on a special Trusteeship Committee which is to examine information sent by colonial powers on conditions in their non-selfgoverning territories.

FOUR RUMANIAN CABINET MINISTERS RESIGN

BUCHAREST, Nov. 6 (UPA): The Rumanian Cabinet accepted the resignations of four National Liberal Party Ministers, including Foreign Minister Gheorghe Tatarescu, in whom the Parliament voted lack of confidence last night.

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Lords Won't Oppose Burma Bill

LONDON, Nov. 6. (Reuter): The British House of Lords is expected to give unobstructed passage to the Burma Independence Bill, despite Conservative resistance in the House of Commons last night, it was confirmed today, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

RIFT IN TORY LUTE

Yesterday's debate brought into the open cleavage that has been known to exist for some time between former Premier Mr. Winston Churchill, an an influential section of his followers both on the Burma and Indian constitutional problems.

Not only was the Conservative vote against the Government one of the smallest yet recorded on a vital issue, but three acknowledged Conservative authorities on India and Burma—Mr. Godfrey Nicholson, Sir Stanley Reed and Brigadier A. R. W. Low—voted against their leader and a substantial number abstained.

Significant, observers thought, was the absence from the debate of Mr. R. A. Butler, shadow Cabinet member and the Party's spokesman on India and Burma.

It can be assumed that the bill will now be hurried through in minimum of time and passed to the House of Lords at an early date.

Aim of the Government is to have the bill enacted and on the statute lock before the House rises for the Christmas recess, which is usually round about December 20.

As in the case of the India Independence Bill, it is conceivable that the Government will improve on its own time-table and obtain Parliamentary endorsement of the tranfer of power even earier than originally planned.

Tax Evasion Inquiry Commission

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Justice Rajadhyaksha and V. D. Muzamdar will be the two members of the Tax Evasion Investigation Commission to be set up under the Act of the Indian Legislature.

Sir S. Vardachari, lately Judge of the Federal Court of India and Chairman of the Central Pay Commission will be Chairman of the Commission.

City Muslims Invite Azad

To Hold Conference In Bombay

BOMBAY, Nov. 6 (UPI): Mr. Abdulhussain Bharatputra, General Secretary of the Federation of Nationalist Muslim Centres, Bombay informs the United Press of India that the Central Committee of the Federation has sent an invitation to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to hold the proposed Conference of the Muslims of the Indian Union in Bombay.

B. C. ROY REFUSES U. P. GOVERNORSHIP?

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 6. (U.P.I.):

Dr. B. C. Roy, Governor-designate of the United Provinces, is reported to have intimated to the authorities his inability to accept the Governorship of the United Provinces, according to the "Amrita Bazar Patrika", a local English daily.

It is reported that since his arrival from America, a number of Bengali leaders of different shades of opinion met Dr. Roy and impressed upon him that his presence in Bengal at this critical juncture was of utmost importance and persuaded him not to accept the Governorship of the United Provinces.

It is now almost certain that Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, acting Governor of the United Provinces will be requested by the authorities to continue in that office permanently.

SHANMUKHAM CHETTI IN MADRAS

MADRAS, November 6. (API): India's Finance Minister, Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetti, arrived in Madras this evening by plane from Delhi.

Conference of some of the Rulers of Kathiawar, Gujrat and Central Provinces was held at Taj on Thursday. H. H. the Jam Sahib, who presided over the meeting, can be seen in the picture.

CONFEDERATION OF STATES

Western And Central India Rulers Confer

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A 12-man Committee to go into the question of amending the Confederation" scheme of the Kathiawar, Gujerat, Central India and Rajputana States necessitated by constitutional and other developments after August 15 and their accession to the Indian Union, was sponsored today after a day-long conference of the States' Rulers.

Twenty-two Princes attended the meeting which was held in the Banqueting Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel. Assisted by their Dewans and Advisers, they conferred on problems confronting them in the light of recent events, one of them being the "Pakistanisation" of Junagadh.

On Friday and Saturday the Committee will draft amendments to the Confederation scheme, after which, probably on November 9, there will be another general conference of all the Rulers and their Ministers to finalise matters.

The following Rulers were present; Nawanagar, Porbundar, Jawhar, Lunawada, Sant, Gondal, Wadhwan, Jhates, necessitated by constitutional and bua, Lakhtar, Muli, Limbdi, Bilkha, Vala and Surgana. The Heir Apparents of Wankaner, Porbandar, Morvi, Rajpipla, Bansda, Jambhughoda, Gondal and Muli also attended.

H. H. the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar presided.

Mighty Army To Fight Capitalism

MOLOTOV'S CALL TO DEMOCRATIC NATIONS

Atom Bomb No Secret Now, He Avers

MOSCOW, November 6 (Reuter): M. Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, to-day called upon Anti-Imperialist forces to foil capitalism's "plan of aggression" by uniting in "a mighty army to which the capitalists can never produce an equal."

He also claimed that the secret of the atom bomb no longer belonged to the United States alone.

M. Molotov was addressing a special meeting to celebrate the thirtieth anniversary of the Russian revolution.

CALL FOR MIGHTY ARMY

His reference to a "mighty army" came after he had declared that the world war had shattered the foundations of capitalism and that this was an age when all roads led to communism.

He continued:—

"The ground is swaying under the feet of the Imperialists, while the strength of the democratic nations is growing day by day. The eyes of the nations must be opened to the new aggressive plans of the adventurers and these plans must be foiled. The anti-imperialist forces must be united into a mighty army to which the capitalists can never produce an equal."

A POSER

At the same time he said "the countries of the world may rest assured that the Soviet Union will, till the end, defend the interests of peace," and after recalling that Russia, Britain and the United States successfully co-operated during the war he asked: "Way cannot they co-operate after the war?"

'Pravda' the Soviet Communist party newspaper, had stated earlier to-day that the capitalist system—"rotten to the core"—had "gone bankrupt and cannot last long."

M. Molotov used these words about the atom bomb:

"In expansionist circles in the United States a new peculiar sort of illusion is widespread. Placing no faith in their internal strength they rely on the secret of the atom bomb although this secret has long ceased to exist."

No Defence Against Atom Bomb

Abolition Of War By Setting Up World Govt. Is Only Solution Says Nobel Prizeman

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Nov. 6.

Scientist Urey, Nobel Prize winner, asserts that there will never be any defence against atomic bomb. It was saturation weapon target bound to be obliterated. He saw no solution except ridding the world of war itself. This could only be done by establishment of World Government.

Five-Hour Battle West Of Srinagar

R. I. A. F. Planes Actively Support Indian Troops

NEPAL OFFERS 25,000 TRAINED SOLDIERS FOR SERVICE IN KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6. (A.P.I.): "Our troops engaged the raiders for five hours in the morning west of Srinagar", says a Communique issued by the Defence Ministry.

"Planes of the Royal Indian Air Force actively supported our troops.

"In other sectors of the valley our troops continue aggressive patrolling and have killed a number of raiders.

"Planes of the R.I.A.F. also made offensive reconnaissance of the raiders' line of communication and destroyed ten of their vehicles".

SANGRAMA RECOVERED

The raiders have been pushed back further and Sangrama has been recovered, according to a Press Note issued by the Kashmir Government last night.

It adds that air straffing in the Badgam area has caused "total annihilation of the raiders" who had infiltrated the area in large numbers. Heavy losses have been inflicted on them all along the road between Kohala and Baramulla. Troops are stationed at all strategic points connecting the city with the front.

IN JHELUM VALLEY

The Press Note adds that mopping up operations in small pockets on both sides of the Jhelum Valley Road have been started. Ganderbal area comprising Ganderbal, Bihama, Tulamula, Lar Nunar, etc., has been cleared of the raiders.

Property looted from a few houses in Tuhmula and Ludawan has been recovered by the Home Guards of the National Conference. The raiders have been pushed back beyond Safapora.

A few gunshots were heard at Srinagar from the Harwan side yesterday evening. But on enquiry, it was found that the shots had been fired by the Home Guards patroling Chandapore.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM JAMMU

Reinforcements have arrived in the Poonch-Mirpur area of Jammu Province. In Kotli area the enemy has been subjected to heavy air-straffing.

NEPAL OFFER TO INDIA GOVT.

RAXAUL, Nov. 6 (UPI): It is reliably learnt that Pakistan's tacit support to the Kashmir raiders has produced adverse reactions in the minds of the general public of Nepal.

It is further learnt that the ruling authorities of Nepal have intimated to the Government of India their readiness to render all help in this emergency.

It is gathered from influential unofficial sources in Nepal that 25,000 trained Gurkha soldiers are ready to move to Kashmir at 48 hours' notice, if required by the Government of India.

BENGAL HINDU SABHA'S OFFER

CALCUTTA, Nov. 6 (API): An offer to send 5,000 volunteers from Bengal to fight the "Pakistani raiders" on Kashmir is to be made to the Gov-

(Continued on Page 5)

Move For Indo-Afghan Pact?

Soviet View Of Accession Of Border States To Pakistan

NEW YORK, Nov. 6. (IPA): Afghanistan is desirous of Indo-Afghan alliance, and tentative proposals have already been outlined to the Indian delegation to UNO by the Afghan delegates here, I. P. A. reliably understands. The Afghan Premier His Royal Highness Sardar Shah Mohammed Khan, hopes to return to Kabul via New Delhi shortly, where he hopes to put certain suggestions before the Government of India.

Afghan Offer

Afghanistan which opposed the entry of Pakistan into UNO will offer to prevent the Frontier Tribesmen from raiding Kashmir, provided India does not oppose Afghan occupation of territory claimed from Pakistan. Afghan circles here consider that Pakistan's appeal to the Saasabad Pact signatories namely Afghanistan, Iraq and Turkey, has had no concrete response.

It is believed that Russia does not favour Pakistan incorporating Chitral, Gilgit and Hunza territory. Without directly intervening, Russia will support the Afghan move for an alliance with India by ensuring herself as friendly neighbour it is further learned.

Satyagraha Against United Deccan States

MIRAJ, Nov. 6 (UPI): As a protest against the United Deccan State Scheme Mr. M. R. Kardur, the popular Minister of Budhgaon, Messrs Hutkanwar, Kalwad and Kondur, members of the Budhgaon Legislative Assembly, and Mr. P. D. Patil, member of the Miraj (Sr.) Legislative Assembly, have, it is learnt, resigned their membership.

The third session of the Miraj (Jr.) Praja Parishad held at Gudgeri on November 4 under the presidentship of Mr. Munnavali decided to strongly oppose the Scheme even by launching Satyagraha.

Invasion Of Kashmir Was Pre-planned

Jawahar On Pakistan's Role In Allowing Raiding Tribesmen Passage

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6 (API): "The way things have been shaping themselves during the past two months, it is evident that India is faced with grave dangers from all sides", said Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a public meeting here this evening.

GRAVE WARNING

If the people of India, the Prime Minister warned, did not prepare themselves adequately and immediately to meet the situation, their freedom may prove to be shortlived.

Some time back, Pt. Nehru said, India had to tackle the problem of Junagadh, Mongrol and Babariawad and while it was employing her energies to solve it, the question of Kashmir arose.

Kashmir was a much more serious issue and it had become quite clear that Junagadh was used merely to divert the attention of the Government of India and to hide the preparations which were being made for the invasion of Kashmir.

The Government had reasons to believe that preparations for this attack on Kashmir were being made for the past many months, he said. "Kashmir was invaded by people from the tribal areas and other parts of Pakistan. The invading armies had modern weapons and were directed by officers of the Pakistan army. We, however, succeeded in flying our troops for the defence of Kashmir and thus prevented the fall of Srinagar".

STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE

Kashmir, Pt. Nehru said, was strategically important. It was situated on the borders of two great countries, China and Russia, and the Indian Government did not like the idea of its collapsing before Goondas. "But that was not the only or even the main reason for our trying to defend Kashmir against foreign aggression. We have pledged to defend her because the call for help came from the patriotic people of that State and their great leader, Sheikh Abdullah".

The way the people of Kashmir had faced the situation under the guidance of the National Conference was a lesson for the people of India. The National Conference had, for seventeen years, fought valiantly for their freedom. They had also successfully fought the "reactionary elements in the State like the Muslim Conference, the handmaid of the Muslim League". When their freedom struggle was about to bear fruit, Pt. Nehru said, the National Conference found their home and their independence threatened by invaders from Pakistan and they had no option but to ask the Government of India to come to their rescue. "India has taken upon herself the task of defending Kashmir and it will not rest till the entire area is cleared of each and every looter", he declared.

Paying tribute to the work done by the volunteers of the National Conference, Pt. Nehru said that without their help it would not have been possible for the Indian Army to do anything.

AZAD KASHMIR GOVT.

The formation of an Azad Provisional Government of Kashmir was announced from Pakistan, but the people of Kashmir were not taken in by such propaganda. They could not mistake the invading armies for "fighters for their freedom".

REPLY TO PAKISTAN'S EXPLANATION

Referring to Pakistan Government's explanation that it could not check tribesmen from crossing over to Kashmir boundary, the Prime Minister said that this could mean only two things. Either the Government of Pakistan was too weak to stop its own men or it was a willing party to what the tribesmen did. The attitude of the Pakistan Government and the manner in which its members had expressed themselves on this issue made it clear that the raiders had their wholehearted support.

India had made it quite clear that all States must accede to a particular Dominion at the will of their people and that the question should not be decided by the rulers alone. Wherever there was a dispute over the issue of accession, India suggested that a plebiscite be held to get the verdict of the people.

It had proposed such a procedure for Junagadh and had not the slightest hesitation in doing so in the case of Kashmir.

GRAND OPENING TODAY 4 P.M.

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to the noble cause of the young & innocent girls who are going to be the mothers of our country; and if this film does good to even one single girl of our country, we shall feel that our labour has been amply rewarded.

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Flying Pageant, Flying Home And Imperator Do Outstanding Track Work At Mahaluxmi

By Our Reporter

Following are the pick gallops noted for the opening day of Bombay races:—

OUTER TAN

HERE AGAIN (Vir Singh), SAME AGAIN (R.B.) and ALL OUT (Mull Singh) covered six furlongs in 1 min. 21 secs.

S.S.S. (West) covered six furlongs in 1 min. 21 secs.

IMPERATOR (West) disposed of REPARTEE (Trainer) when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 19 1/2 secs.

NAFIZ (Khade) was in hand when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 20 1/2 secs.

GOLDEN MOON (Argade) had the measure of MAGIC LOVE (Cunningham) when sent over seven furlongs. Timing 1 min. 38 secs.

FIRST PORT (Tasi) showed out from KESAR GIRL (Khade) and MOULIN ROGUE (R.B.). They covered six furlongs in 1 min. 23 1/5 secs.

BANSHEE (Eude) outstrode INDIANA (Raut) when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 22 secs.

MANIPULATOR (R. B.) shaped better than BOSWELL when sent over six furlongs. Timing 1 min. 28 secs.

TRUMAN (R.B.) NIOTINE (R.B.) and SALOME (R.B.) finished in close order when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 20 secs.

INNER GRASS

FLYING PAGEANT (R.B.) and FLYING HOME (R.B.) did a rousing seven furlongs in 1 min. 31 secs.

FIND OUT (Taylor) was in front of PHILITA (Sumer Singh) at the end of a gallop over seven furlongs Timing 1 min. 32 secs.

SAITA (R. B.) and ARMY and NAVY (R.B.) covered six furlongs in 1 min. 20 secs.

NEAR IMAGE (West) was not stretched when covering the last six in 1 min. 22 1/2 secs.

ARTISTIC (R.B.) was speedier than MAH-I-NAU when covering the last five in 1 min. 4-1/2 secs.

I. H. F. Funds Blocked In Pakistan

LUCKNOW, Monday.—Unforeseen financial difficulties have forced the Indian Hockey Federation to approach the Government of India for an advance of Rs. 10,000 to meet the preliminary expenses of the I.H.F. touring team, which is to leave for Mombasa (East Africa) on November 29, as the money reserves of the federation (over Rs. 20,000) are with the treasurer Mr. Basir Al Sheikh, who is at present in Pakistan.

All efforts to contact Mr. Sheikh having failed, the federation secretary, Dr. A. C. Chatterji with the consent of Mr. Navaz H. Tata, president of the Federation, advised the member provinces to send their annual affiliation fees to Mr. L. Pereira, Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Hockey Association instead of the treasurer This helped to solve the Sheikh mystery. He suddenly appeared on the scene and sent a wire—the first word that came from him in five months—alleging that the Secretary's circular to member provinces was unconstitutional.

The Federation President is expected to send the relevant papers through the Central Government to the Pakistan Finance Minister to recover the amount of Rs. 20,000 which is deposited in the Imperial Bank of India (Lahore branch) in Mr. Sheikh's name It is, however, feared that Pakistan may claim a share of these funds which belonged to an organisation which once included the provinces that are now in Pakistan.

National Herald.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

THE BELGAUM PLATE Division I —Distance 6 furlongs.

Khalif 8-7; Azad Hind 8-7; All Out 8-7; Yemin Ul Mulk 8-7; Balahak 8-7; Amrit 8-7.

THE BELGAUM PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Nizamuddin 8-7; Chin-Up 8-7; Diniar 8-7; Bold Bandit 8-7; La Jawab 8-7; Khushroo 8-7; Here Again 8-7; Desert Hawk 8-7; Interlaken 8-7; Manipulator 8-7; Coeur d'Or 8-7.

THE LYALLPUR PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Du Barry 9-7; Khilouna 9-6; Magnificent 9-4; Court Dancer 9-3; Amelia 9-3; Golden Memory 9-2; S. O. S. 8-12; Dealwood 8-10 Torrent 8-10; Dilruba 8-8; Boswell 7-11; Prima Donna 7-9.

THE SION PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Bhopal Star 9-4; New Moon 8-13; Black Page 8-9; Dulhan 8-9; Shabash 8-7; Tantalum 8-2; Aalam Bano 8-1; Banshee 8-1; Bronzewing 7-12.

THE SION PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Merry Windsor 9-2; Imperator 9-1; Chocolate Baby 8-13; Maduri 8-13; Nicotine 8-12; Gentle Whisper 8-9; Game Bid 8-0.

THE H. C. CLIFTON PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Flying Home 9-4; Bramford 8-13; Eastern Jest 8-13; Jesting Pilate 8-10; Quality 8-8; Yawar 8-6; Repartee 8-6; Priority 8-3; Parting Summer 8-1; Nafiz 7-10.

THE PALITANA PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Near Image 9-0; Artistic 8-13; Full House 8-3; Duke of Ramgarh 8-13; Comet 8-13; Once Again 8-12; Same Again 8-12; Little Caesar 8-1; En Avant 8-1; Find Out 8-0; Himalaya 7-13; Rim Jhim 7-11.

THE RATNAGIRI PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

My Pet 9-1; Lakha Rani 8-7; Star in a Million 8-6; Golden Moon 8-5; St. Etienne 8-2; Brioche 8-2; Lotus 8-1; Darya Noor 8-1; Mail Fist 7-12; Mon Ami 7-10.

Dyer Beats Khan

Cooper's Easy Win Over Khanchand

BOMBAY, Thursday.

As the result of the second day's play in the invitation Table Tennis Tournament held under the auspices of the Parsi Gymkhana, the championship of the Men's Singles event was placed in an intriguing position. Each of the competitors has lost at least one match so that in the final reckoning the number of games and even points may have to be considered in the awarding of the prize. Khan who had a narrow escape in his match against Motiwalla eventually lost to Dyer in two straight games to leave the issue open Khanchand, Khan and Motiwalla who were the only three unbeaten players lost one match each this evening.

In one of the most interesting matches of the evening Khanchand lost in two straight games to K. S. Cooper, once again proving that when two incomplete players meet the one with less of an attack prevails over the one with less of defence. K. H. Kapadia had a good day on the whole. He started by accounting for Dyer at 22-20, 19-21, 21-17 in the first match of the evening and in the last match of the day accounted for Narayanan at 21-12 and 21-9.

In the Ladies' Singles event Miss Bocarro provided a mild surprise by accounting for Mrs. Cama in straight games.

MEN'S SINGLES

K. H. Kapadia beat Dyer 22-20 19-21 21-17; D. H. Kapadia beat Baliga 21-15 21-18; K. S. Cooper beat Khanchand 21-18 21-13; Khan beat Motiwalla 21-16 24-26 21-13; D. H. Kapadia beat Narayanan 23-21 21-18; Varde beat Cooper 21-16 16-21 21-16; Motiwalla beat Khanchand 21-19 21-19; Varde beat Baliga 21-19 12-21 21-18; Dyer beat Khan 21-16; 21-13; K. H. Kapadia beat Narayanan 21-12 21-9.

MEN'S DOUBLES

Varde and Narayanan beat Chaubal and Khatau 21-18 21-13; Dyer and Khanchand beat Khan and Patkar 21-12; 25-27 21-14; D. H. Kapadia and K. H. Kapadia beat Ghaswalla and Motiwalla 21-17 21-16.

MIXED DOUBLES

Ghaswalla and Mrs. Cama beat D. H. Kapadia and Miss Sethna 21-19 23-21; Khan and Miss Brodie beat Khanchand and Mrs. Nasikwalla 13-21 21-19 21-13; Dyer and Bocarro beat K. S. Cooper and Mrs. Gajendrasinh 21-15 15-21 22-20.

LADIES' SINGLES

Miss Bocarro beat Mrs. Cama 21-14 21-18; Miss Brodie beat Miss Dadyburjor 21-16 21-17.

Friday's matches starting from 6 p.m.

Table No. 1: K. H. Kapadia v. D. H. Kapadia; Mrs. Gajendrasinh v. Mrs. Nasikwalla; Narayanan v. Motiwalla; Miss Bocarro v. Miss Brodie; Dyer v. B. S. Cooper; Laljee v. Sidhwa; Ghaswalla and Mrs. Cama v. Dyer and Miss Bocarro. K. H. Kapadia and D. H. Kapadia v. Chaubal and Khatau; Ghaswalla and Motiwalla v. Khan and Patkar.

Table No. 2: Dyer v. K. S. Cooper, Mrs. Cama v. Miss Dadyburjor; Baliga v. Khanchand; Varde v. Khan; Umrigar v. Khatau; Khanchand and Mrs. Nasikwalla v. D. H. Kapadia and Miss Sethna, Cooper and Mrs. Gajendrasinh v. Khan and Miss Brodie; Khanchand and Dyer v. Narayanan and Varde; Sidhwa v. Umrigar.

MAZAGON INSTITUTE CARROM TOURNAMENT: Annual Carrom Tournament will commence on 16th Nov. Entries close on 10th Nov. All gents' and Ladies' events are included. Entry forms can be had from the Sports Secretary, Kavarana Terrace, opp. Gloria Church, Byculla.

Madras Table Tennis

Chandarana Beats Vittal; Kumar Ghosh In Two Finals

MADRAS, Nov. 5, (API): Bombay champion, Chandarana, qualified himself for the semifinal of the South Indian table tennis championships tonight when he beat M. V. S. Vittal of Mysore by three games to one.

In the first set Chandarana, who had established a lead of 13-2, was cleverly outplayed by Vittal, who playing an enterprising game, gradually levelled up and won the set at 21-19.

The next three sets, however, were annexed by Chandarana in a row, though with very narrow margin in every game as a result of the grim fight put up by Vittal.

Chandarana thus avenged his recent defeat at the hands of Vittal at Coimbatore.

In the mixed doubles Miss Bhama and Kumar Ghosh entered the final beating Miss Ponnama Ramaswami and V. Sivaraman.

Kumar Ghosh has also qualified for the doubles final when partnered by Vittal he beat P. K. Parthasarathy and C. S. Kalyanasundram.

Following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLE (QUARTER FINALS)

C. Ramaswami beat C. N. Rajan 21—13, 21—14, 13—21, 24—26, 21—14.

U. M. Chandarana beat M. V. S. Vittal 19—21, 21—18, 21—17, 21—19.

MIXED DOUBLES (SEMI-FINALS).

Miss Rukmani and C. Ramaswami beat Mrs. Avaciappa Pillai and J. V. S. Rao 10—21, 21—15, 5—21, 21—9, 21—13.

Miss Bhama and Kumar Ghosh beat Miss R. Ramaswami and Sivaraman 22—20, 13—21, 2—5, 21—13.

MEN'S DOUBLES (SEMI-FINALS.)

C. Ramaswami and J. V. S. Rao beat C. N. Rajan and I. Arjunan 22—20, 21—18, 21—14.

M. V. S. Vittal and Kumar Ghosh beat Parthasarathy and C. S. Kalyanasundram 21—15, 21—14, 21—16.

SIMLA, Nov. 6, (U.P.I.):: A rehabilitation advisory board with mostly non-official members was set up by the East Punjab Government to collect data about the property left by the Hindus and Sikhs in the West Punjab.

Mr. Ishwar Singh, Minister, told the Assembly that the Government would give full consideration to the recommendation of this board.

INDIA'S TEAM FOR NEW SOUTH WALES

Selectors Omit 5 From That Which Played Victoria

SYDNEY, Nov. 6 (Reuter): The selectors took longer than usual to choose the team, which is as follows: Amarnath, Hazare, Mankad, Rangnekar, Adhikari, Rai Singh, Ranvirsinhji, Phadkar, Amir Elahi, Rangachari and Sen with Soboni twelfth man.

From the team which played Victoria, Sarwate, Kishenchand, Gul Mahomed, Nayudu and Irani are omitted. It will be the first game of the tour for Rai Singh and Ranvirsinhji.

AT THE NETS

The Indians enjoyed their first practice this afternoon on the Sydney ground. The wicket was firm under bright sunshine, and the pitch was faster than the tourists had yet met.

The timing of several members of the team is still not satisfactory, and there is still danger of the ball coming through worrying those batsmen who have not yet made scores. Nevertheless, the practice was most useful and beneficial.

AMARNATH INDISPOSED

Subsequently, the team practised fielding, using a slip machine. Amarnath did not attend the practice, as he was slightly indisposed, but he will be fit to play to-morrow.

The Indians will face Australia's test opening battery, Lindwall and Miller. The Indians' performances at Adelaide and Melbourne have helped to inspire confidence into the team, and it is hoped that the younger batsmen will emulate the batting of the more experienced members.

LINDWALL TOO

The New South Wales team practised at adjoining nets. A notable absentee was Lindwall, who also is slightly indisposed, but will be fit tomorrow. Observers at Brisbane a fortnight ago say that Lindwall is not yet at the top of his form or speed.

Madras Doubles Betting Tax

MADRAS Nov. 6. (API): The Madras Legislative Council today endorsed the recommendation of the Assembly to make a cent per cent increase in the betting tax on horse races, when it passed into law the bill to raise betting tax from 6 1/4 per cent to 12 1/2 per cent.

The measure will take effect from the forthcoming meetings of the Madras Race Club and is expected to increase the Government's revenue from Rupees 22 lakhs to Rupees 40 lakhs.

PESHAWAR Nov. 6. (U.P.I.): Major B. K. Kapur, Government of India Representative in Peshawar, who is arranging the evacuation of non-Muslim refugees from the Frontier Province left by air for Bannu and D. I. Khan yesterday in a specially chartered plane which arrived here from Delhi yesterday for this purpose.

Major Kapur, whose object of visit to the southern districts is to study the refugee conditions at first hand, intends to return to Peshawar shortly.

Why the wise use *Wisdom*

Cranked handle gives comfortable control

The handle of the Wisdom is in line with the brushing surface of the nylon tufts, ensuring complete and comfortable control of the brush at all angles.

AND that's not all! The Wisdom short head fits the inner curve of the teeth and cleans the back of every tooth as thoroughly as the front. Widely-spaced tapered tufts penetrate between the teeth and "comb out" food particles which breed infection and cause decay.

The Wisdom toothbrush lasts longer too. Its nylon tufts stay springy *three times as long as animal bristles* and they won't come out. Don't merely ask for a "toothbrush": insist on a Wisdom.

Wisdom REGD.

THE CORRECT-SHAPE NYLON TOOTHBRUSH

FREE: *Illustrated instructional booklet "How to brush your Teeth". Send name and address to distributors* J. L. MORISON, SON *and* JONES (INDIA) LTD., *P.O. Box 258* BOMBAY.

MADE IN ENGLAND BY ADDIS LTD., MAKERS OF THE FIRST TOOTHBRUSH IN 1780

HYDERALLY CASSUMJI CHARITABLE TRUST

INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THREE YEARS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1946 (CASH BASIS).

EXPENDITURE.	Rs. a. p.	INCOME.	Rs. a. p.
To Municipal Rates & Taxes.	622 2 0	By Rent of Surat Properties.	10,457 0 0
„ Repairs.	570 4 6		
„ Insurance.	562 8 0	INTEREST:	
„ Salaries & Wages.	1,840 0 0	On Govt. Securities. 5,160 14 6	
„ Legal Charges.	479 0 0	„ Current Account. 12 1 0	5,172 15 6
„ Sundry Expenses.	169 13 0		
„ Audit Fees.	150 0 0		
„ Account Publishing Charges.	217 3 0	„ Bethak Fees.	156 0 0
„ Printing & Stationery.	16 0 0	„ Sundry Receipts.	21 7 0
„ Bad Debts.	28 1 0		
„ Travelling Expenses.	35 0 0		
„ Excess of Income over Expenditure.	11,117 7 0		
Total Rs.	15,807 6 6	Total Rs.	15,807 6 6

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1946.

FUNDS & LIABILITIES.			PROPERTY & ASSETS.		
TRUST FUND:			LAND & BUILDINGS:		
Sale Proceed of vacant piece of land at Begumpoora, Surat and Property at Zampa Bazar, Surat, (in the year 1944).		23,000 0 0	Three properties & one piece of vacant land at Begampura, Surat.		Not valued.
INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT:			INVESTMENTS AT COST:		
Balance as per last Balance Sheet.	35,826 13 11		3½% G. P. Notes F.V. 61,000/-	58,632 9 7	
Add: Excess of Income over Expenditure during three years.	11,117 7 0	46,944 4 11	3% Loan 1970-75 F.V. 5,000/-	4,878 2 0	63,510 11 7
LIABILITIES:			CASH & BANK BALANCES:		
For Rent Deposit.		15 0 0	In current account with: Bank of India Ltd. Bombay.	4,918 6 1	
			Bank of Baroda Ltd. Surat.	1,491 0 0	
			In hand.	39 3 3	6,448 9 4
Total Rupees		69,959 4 11	Total Rupees		69,959 4 11

We have examined the above Balance Sheet of Hyderally Cassumji Charitable Trust for the year ended 31st December, 1946, and the Income & Expenditure Account for the three years ended on that date with vouchers and books of accounts of the Trust as kept in Bombay in which are incorporated the monthly statements of accounts from Surat and have received all the information and explanations we have required. In our opinion, the above Balance Sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the Trust according to the best of our information and explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Trust.

Bombay, 15th August, 1947.

H. M. CONTRACTOR & CO.,
Registered Accountants,
Auditors.

(Sd.) T. M. KAJIJI,
(Sd.) A. E. MASKATI,
(Sd.) AMIRUDIN SHALEBHOY TYABJEE,
(Sd.) TYABBHOY SALEHBHOY.

USED TRUCKS FOR SALE

CHEVROLET and DODGE, 3 Ton Capacity in excellent working order, 1943-45 Model, available with body or chassis only. Very few left.

CONTACT

THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.

Warden Road, Mahalaxmi, BOMBAY 26.

ENEMY NO.1 OF COUGH

GLYCODIN-TERP-VASAKA

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD. BARODA

AL. 402

India Lamp

The Lamp that never Fails In Rains or in Gales

BRASS PLATED CONES AND REFLECTERS.

THOUSANDS IN USE throughout INDIA & BURMA.

Manufactured by

INDIA CYCLE MFG. CO. LTD

4, CLIVE GHAT STREET, CALCUTTA

Distributors: NIGAM BROS. P-14, Bentinck St Calcutta

5 annas per packet of 10

2 pice per cigarette

Plus local tax where in force

WILLS'S

BERKELEY

"No better value"

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

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ARDESHIR M. IRANI'S
PUJARI
MUMTAZ SHANTI,
MASOOD. BIPIN GUPTA
Director: ASPI
SWASTIK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 and 3 to 6
AJIT Release

A TALE OF LOVE THAT COULDN'T LIVE !

ALL-INDIA'S Unusual Hit
HOLI
SULOCHANA, WASTI, MADHURI
Plans Open 10 to 12 noon
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
3rd HOUSE FULL WEEK
KRISHNA
A FAMOUS Release

INDIAN NATIONAL CULTURE CENTRE
Presents
A NEW BALLET on the COMMUNAL PROBLEM
PHOOL
From the LIBRETTO
by Dr. MULK RAJ ANAND
AND
FOLK AND CLASSICAL DANCES
With a Cast of 25 Artistes
Choreography:
NARENDRA SHARMA AND SACHIN SHANKAR
Music: ABANI DASGUPTA
November 10 & 11, 6-30 p.m.
ST.XAVIER'S COLLEGE HALL
Prices: Rs. 10, 5, 3, 2 & 1
Advance Bookings from 1 to 6 p.m. at "Chetana" Rampart Row, Fort.

REGAL Air-Cooled Phone: 35017.
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
GRAND ADVENTURE SPECTACLE!
Hal Roach's
"CAPTAIN CAUTION"
VICTOR MATURE
ALAN LADD
LOUISE PLATT
BRUCE CABOT
Unforgettable Scenes In Thrilling Action Drama!
Released by R. D. Digaria & Co.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:
"THE JOLSON STORY"
in Technicolor.
Larry Parks, Evelyn Keyes.

STRAND
2ND WEEK!
Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 p.m.
ERROL FLYNN and BARBARA STANWYCK
in a hit that teams with thrills
"CRY WOLF"
Sun. Morn. Show at 10-30
PAUL HENREID, IDA LUPINO, OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND in
"DEVOTION"
From WEDNESDAY
Grand Divali Attraction
Warners' Musical Marvel
"THE TIME THE PLACE AND THE GIRL"
(In Technicolor)
Plans Open, Book Now.

THE GREAT ROYAL CIRCUS
NEAR DADAR FIRE BRIGADE
Daily 2 Shows 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun & Holiday Matinee 3 p.m.
★ MOTOR CYCLE JUMP with side car,
★ HUMAN FOUNTAIN ★ FLYING TRAPEEZ ACT
★ an EMPORIUM of SKILL & FUN.
Book in Advance 10 to 12 a.m.

SURYA CINEMA POYBAWDI PAREL
COMMENCING FROM TOMORROW!
JAMUNA Productions' Musical
RATTAN
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 Sat., Sun. Hol. 1-30 p.m.
A DIAMOND SELECT RELEASE
SWARNALATA. WASTI, KARAN
DIWAN, MANJU
JOIN THE CROWDS TOMORROW

GALA OPENING TODAY 4 P.M.
THE STORY OF LIFE SET TO LAUGHS!
RAJKAMAL'S ROLLICKING ROMANCE
JEEVAN YATRA
Producer: V. SHANTARAM
Direction: WINAYAK
Plans open 10 to 11-30 4-30 to 6 p.m.
Starring YAKUB, BABURAO PENDHARKAR DIXIT, DAMUANNA & NAYANTARA
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30. Sun. Wed. Thurs. 1-15 p.m.
RENOVATED & REDECORATED
LAMINGTON

FILM STAR ARRESTED ON "PUGREE" CHARGE

Alleged To Have Accepted Rs. 6,000 For A Block

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A city film star is alleged to have been caught red handed in the act of receiving a 'pagree' of Rs. 6,000, by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D., yesterday.

It is stated that Zahariakhan Acmedkhan, the film actor concerned agreed to deliver vacant possession of a block in his charge in Kamal Park at Cadell Road, Dadar, to one F.C Kohli, proprietor of the Popular Film Exchange on payment of Rs. 6,000.

A trap was laid by Deputy-Inspector Bagwe of the C.I.D who after giving the stipulated amount in marked notes to the 'would be' tenant, proceeded with his men to the residence of the accused at Hill Road, Bandra, and lay in wait till the transaction was finalised and a prearranged signal was given.

On finding that he had fallen a prey to the trap, it is alleged, the film star lost his temper and tried to assault Mr. Kohli. The police however, prevented him from doing so. At the same time the actor's younger brother jumped over the compound of the building and attempted to escape. He was apprehended before he could succeed and the sum of Rs. 6,000 in marked notes and two copies of an agreement signed by the film star under the name of 'Jayant' were recovered from him.

Both the accused were allowed bail in the sum of Rs. 10,000 each by Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court this morning.

Firm Manager On Profiteering Charge

The Manager of the I. B. Mistry & Co., licenced Kerosene dealers at Vithalbhai Patel Road, was arrested on a charge of profiteering by the Anti-Corruption Branch yesterday. It was alleged that the accused Dashrathlal Patel sold six tins of kerosene to a bogus customer at a higher rate than the controlled price. The accused and two other employees who had also been arrested were released on bail to-day by Mr. J M Barot, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court.

From TODAY!
CITY-LIGHT
---- Matunga (B.B.)----
Daily: 1, 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Story of a beloved wife who won the lost husband by love
PRADHAN PICTURE'S Musical
DASSI
RAGINI, NAJMAL, GYANI
Sun. Wed. Thu. Morn. 9-30 a.m.
MANONMANI (Tamil)

After having broken all records in th first week,
SINBAD THE SAILOR
will continue to sail, adventure, romance and fight for a
2nd Week!
at the
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
RKO Radio's grand spectacle in TECHNICOLOR
—: starring :—
Douglas Fairbanks : Maureen O'Hara
Walter Slezak
Complimentaries suspended
SUN. SPECIAL SHOW AT 10-30 a.m.

THIRD WEEK of Applause for PRAKASH'S Mighty Mythological

Bhakta DHRUVA
Director SHANTIKUMAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Sun., Wed. and Thursday Matinee at 12-45
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3-30 to 6-30

RANJIT'S
CHHEEN LE AZADI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.
Ad Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
NEW WEST END

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Ashwin Vad 9 2003
Muslim: Zilhej 23 1366
Parsi: Khordad 5 1317
Sunrise 6-42 a.m., Sunset 6-03 p.m.
Hightide 07-16, 19-49 Lowtide 00-24, 14-09.

NOTICE TO JURORS

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS: Mass Drill, today at 4-21 p.m. (B.T.) at Gilder Tank Ground. Mr. S.K. Patil will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Real Age of the World and of Man is the subject for consideration on today evening at 6-15, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

DADAR MATUNGA & SION YOUTH ASSOCIATION: Sjt. Adam Adil, President, Nationalist Muslim Centres, lecture on "Communalism in India" tomorrow (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at Podar College, Matunga.

F.S.U.: Public meeting to celebrate the 30th anniversary of Russian Revolution today at 7 p.m. at Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, Poet Harindranath Chattopadhyaya will preside.

SIND STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Meeting of all the Students of Sind will be held tomorrow (Saturday at 5 p.m. at 42, Kennedy Bridge, Opera House (Bombay Provincial Students Congress Office).

MAHARASHTRIA VAISHYA YUVAK: Meeting at the Kokanastha Vaishya Mahajan Wadi, Shenvi Wadi, Kandewadi, Girgaum today (Friday) at 9 p.m.

KARNATAKA UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE: A sub-committee of the Karnataka University Committee, appointed by the Government of Bombay, is meeting in Bombay on 8th and 9th Nov. to record evidence of prominent Educationists of Bombay. The Hon. Mr. Justice N.S. Lokur is Chairman and other members of the sub-committee are the Hon. Mr. Justice R. A. Jahagirdar Mr. R. R Diwakar, Dr. V.K.R.V. Rao, Principal V. K. Gokak and Prof. A. Menezes.

The Federated Karnataka Sangha is giving a public reception in honour of the members of the Committee on Sunday 9th Nov. at 9 a.m. at Wagle Hall Kandewadi, Girgaum.

BLANKETS FOR REFUGEES: Lala Kailashpat Singhania has donated 2,500 blankets for the relief of refugees.

TEXTILE COMMISSIONER'S DIRECTIVE TO CITY MILL

BOMBAY, Nov. 6 (API): The Textile Commissioner to the Government of India has issued an order today against the Meyer Mills, Bombay prohibiting them from selling any cloth out of the 12 per cent of their production which the Mills in the country are permitted to sell to anyone they like under the existing rules.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

His Excellency and Lady Colville called at Thana where they were received by Mr. I. T. Almaula, Collector and proceeded to visit Refugee Camps at Pawai and Chembur where they were received and conducted round by Mr. P. K. Sawant, M.L.A., and introduced to Officials and voluntary workers.

Lady Nye and Captain the Hon'ble John Warrender have arrived.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville attended the inaugural Meeting of the All-India Conference of Social Work at the Sunderbai Hall.

The Dy. High Commissioner and Mrs. Kitson came to dinner.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Nov. 7.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 G. G. Kharadkar (Violin) 8-45 Ranganath Jadhav & Party (Naat) 9-0 Padmavati Shaligram (Khat) 12-0 Mahila Mandal Programme of special interest to women in Gujarati 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mile Jule Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 Meenal Brahmandkar (Gaud Sarang) 4-40 Babubhai Andharia (Multani) 5-0 Vimal Dighe (Mandolin) 5-15 Jantar Mantar Children's programme in Hindi, Urdu and Hindustani 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Meenal Brahmandkar (Tilak-Kamod) 6-30 Ranganath Jadhav & (Party Naat 6-45 Vimal Dighe (Mandolin) 7-0 Vishwanathbuwa Jadhav (Puria Dhanashri) 7-30 Annadhanyachya Khared Vikrichi Shastriya Yogna Discussion in Marathi between V. Y. Kolhatkar and S. P. Mahabal 7-45 Pakke Gane 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Dhai Lakh Play in Hindi by V. N. Gaur 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 News 9-45 Just Why Is Lying An Art Talk in English 10-0 Meenal Brahmandkar (Adana) 10-15 Padhavati Shaligram (Durga).

VARIATIONS.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc—7-45 p.m. Geetmala 5-45 p.m. Topic 5-55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial 8-0 Babubhai Andharia [illegible] Padmavati Shaligram Marathi Pad 9-0 Vishwanathbuwa Jadhav (Gorekh Kalayan) 9-30 Babubhai Andharia Gujarati Geeto

On Friday, 7th November at 5 p.m. All India Radio, Bombay will broadcast a talk in Marathi by Lalji Pendse on "Keshavsut". This can be heard on both wavelengths i.e. 41.44 and 244 metres.

In connection with the forthcoming All India Conference of Social Work to be held in Bombay, All India Radio Bombay has scheduled the following programmes:—

Friday, 7th 9-10—9-30 a.m. A Radio Report on the inaugural session held on the evening of the 6th

8th, 9th and 10th 9-20—9-30 Talks will be broadcast on he proceedings of the previous day.

11th 9-15—9-30 a.m. A review of the work done by the Conference.

Miss Uma, daughter of Mr. G. L. Mehta, who has stood first in the last B.A. Examination of the Calcutta University.

PREMIER KHER IN CITY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G Kher, arrived in the city from Poona at about noon today.

In the course of the afternoon, the Mayor of Madras who is now in Bombay called on the Premier at the latter's residence.

The Premier held a conference with the Commissioner of Police and the Inspector General of Police and later received Mr. Vasantrao Patil, President of the Sind Maratha Political Association of Karachi.

Towards the end of the last month, the Secretary of the Association had written to the Premier expressing gratitude to him for rendering all possible help to the Association in connection with the evacuation of Maharashtrian refugees from Sind to Bombay.

In the evening the Premier inaugurated the All-India Conference of Social Work, and left for Poona the same night.

Move To Meet Petrol Crisis In Province

Supply At Pumps Will Be Made Only Against Revalidated Coupons

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In order to avoid the contingency of a crisis and to safeguard the supply, petrol will be issued only on coupons which are revalidated. The new arrangement will come into force with immediate effect in the whole Province of Bombay and will stand further orders.

The petrol supply position in some areas deteriorated suddenly and unexpectedly, due to the internal transport system having been temporarily strained on account of the deployment of tank wagons for more urgent national work. Further, the Provincial quota of petrol has also been suddenly reduced on account of the urgency of conserving petrol to meet the immediate national obligations.

TO AVOID CRISIS

In the circumstances, if the petrol coupons already granted were allowed to be cashed, a crisis would be inevitable. To avoid such a contingency and to safeguard the supply for essential purposes, both in Bombay and in the mofussil, it is found necessary to regulate the issue of petrol during this period of emergency under powers conferred under section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946. The dealers in this Province will, therefore, with immediate effect issue petrol only on coupons which are revalidated. This arrangement will stand until further orders.

In the Districts, where the petrol stocks are very low due to transport difficulty, the Area Rationing Authorities and the District Magistrates concerned have been authorised to revalidate petrol coupons, receipts or special receipts, only in cases of exceptionally high priority till this extra emergency lasts.

REVALIDATION OF COUPONS

In the City of Bombay and the remaining Districts, the revalidation will be regulated by the Area Rationing Authorities only to effect an overall reduction in the consumption in proportion to the reduced Provincial quota. Petrol will be issued by dealers against only such coupons, receipts or special receipts as have been revalidated.

The co-operation of the public is sought in the Government's efforts to meet this unexpected exigency. The public are further cautioned against undertaking road journeys in view of the difficulty of encashment of coupons en route and of the risk of being stranded on the road for want of petrol.

You, too, can be more beautiful

DO YOU want him to whisper, "Darling, you're the song in my heart?"
Then use Cashmere Bouquet Face Powder. It's as fine as sifted star-dust. It clings to your face for hours. And there are tempting shades to match the warm natural tones of your skin.
The exciting perfume will not escape quickly, for Cashmere Bouquet has added "Mousse de Chimme" to make a better face powder for you.
Make your loveliness complete with Cashmere Bouquet's perfumed toiletries for "The Fragrance Men Love"

Cashmere Bouquet Products WITH THE FRAGRANCE MEN LOVE
Vanishing Cream, Lipstick, Rouge, Cold Cream, Perfume, Talc, Solid, Liquid, Brilliantine

NEPA NEWS NO. I
C. P. GOVERNMENT SPONSORS INDIA'S NEW INDUSTRY
Signing of Historic Agreement
11 pages of closely-typed foolscap — 12 clauses — 1,760 words — Govt. stamps to the value of Rs. 3,765/- — and 2 signatures, those of the Secretary to the Governor of Central Provinces & Berar, and the Managing Director of National Newsprint & Paper Mills Ltd., Bombay.
A "Scrap of Paper" which might well be called the Birth Certificate of Nepamills, India's first Newsprint Mill. A Five Crore concern, Pioneer of a New Industry for India, and an outstanding example of co-operation between State and Free Enterprise.
AN IMPRESSIVE DOCUMENT
containing the following salient points :—
LEASE ON 60,000 ACRES of Forest Land as selected by the Company, with the right to clear fell, and replant the felled areas.....for a term of 90 years.
GUARANTEE OF RAW MATERIAL to the Company's full requirements of the selected trees from the leased area or other areas reserved for the Company.
MONOPOLY and first option to the Company on the production of Newsprint, or any other article or materials allied or similar to Newsprint within the Province for a period of 25 years.
ELECTRICITY FOR POWER and lighting, and Steam for processing to be supplied by the Govt. from the Provincial Grid System, and later from the Hydro-Electric Plant to be set up near Burhanpur.
CASH INVESTMENT by the Govt. in the Share Capital of the Company to an extent of 10 lakhs.
SECURITY FOR THE [illegible] and the promise of industrial development for Central Provinces assured by such clauses and others providing facilities, rights and privileges paving the way for the realisation of this important National Enterprise.
NEPAMILLS ☆ NEWSPRINT ☆ GUARDIAN OF DEMOCRACY
THESE THREE ARE SYNONYMOUS.

A NATIONAL HOUSE ENTERPRISE
AN OFFICIAL NEWS BULLETIN OF NEPAMILLS, INDIA'S FIRST NEWSPRINT MILL, ISSUED BY THE NATIONAL NEWSPRINT & PAPER MILLS LTD., FROM NATIONAL HOUSE, TULLOCH ROAD, BOMBAY

DAILY WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 6 (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday, the 6th November, 1947:—

Rainfall has been local along the North Madras Coast and the South Orissa Coast.

Night temperatures have been appreciably below normal in the western half of the peninsula.

Forecast until the 7th evening:—Rainfall will occur locally along the North Madras Coast, in East Hyderabad, the East Central Provinces and at a few stations in Chota Nagpur, Orissa, West Hyderabad, the Madras Deccan, Mysore, South-East Madras and South Malabar.

Night temperatures will rise over the south peninsula

Weather Chart

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st November, 1947 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on 6th November 1947:—

Ahmednagar 84 58 0 0 0.4; Akola 88 59 0 0 0.2, Allahabad 89 59 0 0 0.1, Amraoti 86 67 0 0 0.2; Bangalore 80 58 0 0 1.1; Bhopal 84 56 0 0 0.2; BOMBAY 92 71 0 0 0.3; Calcutta 91 70 0 0 0.3; Cherrapunji 75 52 0 0 1.4; Cochin 84 74 0 0 2.3; Colombo 86 69 0 0 2.8, Cuttack 88 73 0 0 0.6; Darjeeling 67 47 0 0 0.2; Dehra Dun 80 56 0 0 0.1; Hyderabad (Dn.) 88 66 0 0 0.6; Indore 84 53 0 0 0.1; Jubbulpore 85 55 0 0 0.1; Karachi 83 74 0 0 0.1; Madras 91 71 0 0 3.6; Mahableshwar 77 56 0 0 0.5; Mangalore 88 70 0 0 1.0; Marmagao 84 71 0 0 0.5; Mysore 81 61 0 0 0.8; Nagpur 87 63 0 0 0.3; Ootacamund 63 38 0 0 1.1; Pachamarhi 75 50 0 0 0.2; Poona 89 57 0 0 0.3; Ranchi 84 62 0 0 0.3; Shillong 73 49 0 0 0.8; Sholapur 88 60 0 0 0.6; Simla 64 52 0 0 0.1; Surat 94 63 0 0 0.1; Trivandrum 85 73 0 0 2.0.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS.

Forecast till the morning of 8-11-47:

Rainfall will occur at a number of places in Telungana and Central Hyderabad and at one or two places in the Hyderabad Karnatak and Marathawada.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days:—

Rainfall will increase in Marathawada and the Hyderabad Karnatak and will extend into the Bombay Karnatak, Desh and Mawal.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A writer is dear and necessary for us only into the measure in which he reveals to us the inner working of his soul.

—TOLSTOY

The Bombay Chronicle

CHURCHILL'S INSOLENCE

As in the case of India, so also in that of Burma, the Tories of Britain do not like the liquidation of the "empire". It may be more profitable than retention from the points of view of democratic obligations and the real interests of the people of Britain. But it does mean the end of the privileges and interests of the exploiting governing class, that is, the Tory class. Hence their grief and their opposition. But it was left to Mr. Winston Churchill to become vulgar and impertinent while wailing over the loss of Burma. He has, of course, special filial reasons for regarding the loss as painful and poignant. He had the insolence and the grossness to describe Burma's most beloved leader and martyr, the late U. Aung San as a "traitor" because the great patriot had joined the Japanese for a time. It is, perhaps, impossible for men like Winston Churchill to realise that it was the first sacred duty of a Burmese to fight, and rid Burma of, the imperialist domination established by Lord Randolph Churchill and that it was no more a sin for Aung San to co-operate with Japan than for Mr. Winston Churchill, with his proclaimed views and animosity, to co-operate with the Soviet Union in fighting Adolph Hitler. The cheap and base jibe that the man has indulged in his arrogance will not besmirch the memory of a great and well-loved patriot but it will only injure the interests of Britain itself in its relations with Burma and the Burmese.

Mr. Winston Churchill's positive argument against Burmese independence is also absurd and only characteristic of him. • Objecting to "Independence" instead of "Dominion Status" he gave away the game when he virtually admitted that he did not want to concede even Dominion Status at once but only by gradual stages. And, of course, all because Mr. Churchill's heart and soul revolt at the idea of bloodshed resulting from the liquidation of British imperialism. How far he is genuine in this respect, he betrayed himself when he introduced the question of quitting Palestine, which he had always been advocating in sympathy with the Zionists. This self-professed humanitarian does not bother about inevitable bloodshed in the Middle East, nor will his "conscience" be "haunted" by the holocaust which he always advocates for the Arab world. If his tears over India and Burma are not those of the crocodile, what are they? Moreover, it is a significant commentary on Mr. Winston Churchill in another respect. There was bloodshed in the United States of America also after the British had been expelled and the country and its people had won their independence. Does Mr. Churchill regret American Independence? He may privately do so. But in public he is always loudly jubiliant over the triumph of the U. S. A. with an unfailingly fulsome flattery. In fact, he has now assumed the role towards the United States—as a compliment to its might—of the Western conception of the complete courtier in the court of an Oriental Monarch. The opposition to Burma's independence by the Tories and Mr. Winston Churchill will not hurt Burma, but it is certainly a disservice to the interests of the people of Britain.

India's Trade Policy

According to reports the three-day Conference of the Trade Policy Committee and the Consultative Committee of Economists held last week-end at Bombay disclosed some fundamental differences still persisting between the official and non-official viewpoints on certain crucial items in the regulation of our trade, exchange and fiscal policy. One would have thought that, after August 15, there would have survived none of that vestige of British imperialism, which made all our policies relating to international relations, including trade and exchange, follow British interests, in the first instance. Particularly was that true in regard to fiscal protection to industry, and, in a lesser degree, to the investment of foreign capital to develop this country's industry,—on terms demanded by the foreign capitalist. There are signs of a healthy and welcome reorientation in the official mind, on both these issues, since the days that an Innes or a Blackett laid down this country's industrial or exchange policies. But even so, whether the officials realise too much the difficulties of getting this country's point of view accepted at an international conference or whether there is still lingering in their minds the obsolete dread of a protectionist fiscal policy, inspired by the nostrums of "laissez faire," they seem to be hesitating and doubtful about the utility of our insistence on our indefeasible right as sovereign State to develop our own natural resources,—industrial and others,—in our own way, by every legitimate means we can devise. There is, indeed, no question about the ability of men like Sir Raghavan Pillai, who presided at the Conference. Officials of his experience realize that India will have to use some, if not all, of the weapons forged in the arsenal of Western economic nationalism, if she means to build up her industry and economic strength to the degree that her native resources entitle her to expect. But they seem to be apprehensive lest, by so doing, India may get isolated, and so be frustrated in the very objective she should strain every nerve to attain. And that, we feel, in the remnant of British imperialist school in which our older civil servants have been brought up.

There were many points round which discussion could have focussed itself, with advantage to those who are to represent India at the next International Trade Conference. But the Government of India seems to credit the non-official world with such superintelligence, that it expects its leaders to read, digest and come prepared with alternative constructive suggestions of theirs in a couple of days on a document, which it has taken the best experts of twenty-three countries to hammer out after six months of disquisition. It was mentioned by many members at the Conference, we are informed, that they had got the International Charter (Draft) on Trade Policy and an equally detailed explanatory memorandum on the same ragarding the work of the Indian Delegation at the Geneva Conference, only a couple of days before the meeting and so had not studied the papers. Many points were, accordingly not stressed as much as they may have been. Even on those matters which were specifically mentioned full justice could not be done in the ten or twelve hours allotted for a conference of 25 members on the most complex issues of modern economics. The main issues discussed were accordingly confined to (1) the investment of foreign capital in India, and (2) the form and extent of protection India could give to her own nascent industries. It seems to have been taken for granted by those who led the Indian Delegation at the Geneva Conference that foreign capital was indispensable for developing India's national economy and that, if it had to be attracted, it might as well be offered such terms as it wanted. The experience, however, of all countries, which have been politically subject and, therefore, economically exposed, goes to show that the influence of foreign capital getting ensconced in "key" positions in a country's economy is confined not merely to getting fat dividends from the investment. The capitalists also monopolise all the best employment under such foreign aegis and dictate,—indirectly if not directly,—the basic policy in all matters economic, currency and exchange, railway rates and shipping freights, taxation and credit. The non-official view at the Conference, we understand, was, accordingly, very critical of Article 12 of the Draft Charter which did not seem to provide sufficient safeguard for India's developing economy, if it were developed with the aid of foreign capital. Opinion seems to have been in fact voiced in no uncertain terms that at least in all "key" industries, and development of primary resources, foreign capital should be rigorously kept out. Even as regards other directions, the determination of basic policy and general control of industry must not in any case be surrendered to the tender mercies of the foreign capitalist. Devices,—like licensing, and, through that, the control of any new capital coming from abroad, to found new enterprise or expand existing ones, were also suggested, which the official spokesmen did not seem utterly to negative. A school of thought there also was which considered India had sufficient capital resources of her own to develop to the fullest extent of her potentiality, without any recourse to foreign capital,—if only her rulers would be strong and determined enough to plan thoroughly and execute resolutely. But that view we understand, seemed to be in a minority, as also the suggestion that, if any foreign capital was needed for the development of India's economy, it shoud be attracted by and through governmental agency.

The other point of importance discussed at the Conference related to the ways and means of protecting, fostering, and safeguarding India's industries. It was recognised by all that India could not afford to grant bounties and subsidies to possible new industries to enable them to stand up against the ruthless competition of aggressive foreign industry. She could and must regulate, however, the quantum of foreign imports where local industry was unable to supply all the home requirements in the early years of its existence. She must likewise grant fiscal protection in the shape of import duties wherever needed and conserve raw materials by export duties where wanted and, where an industry is Government owned she must be free to adopt any and all means she deems necessary and appropriate for the purpose.

A Socio-Economic Measure

The Bombay Forward Contracts Control Bill has passed three readings in the Bombay Legislative Assembly. The credit for this socio-economic measure goes to the Congress Ministry and particularly to Mr. V. L. Mehta, the Finance Minister, who has steered it successfully through all stages in the legislature. It is a social measure as it seeks to check the gambling mania among masses which is so rampant now a days. It has an economic aspect as it is so designed as to put a stop to "corners" and "bear raids" by rich capitalists and powerful groups of operators. The bill has one more important feature and that is that it provides equal opportunities to all against the existing monopoly of membership in some associations. Under the bill the Government has assumed power to make rules and to this extent its responsibility increases. Hitherto for lapses and misdoings of members, trade associations were considered responsible but now this responsibility lies with the Government. The bill met with strong opposition from certain associations because it curtailed and checked their powers, but the Assembly has passed it having regard to its underlying object of satisfying the legitimate needs of 'bona fide' trade. However, the success of this measure entirely depends upon the carrying out, in practice of its provisions.

In our previous article on the subject we laid stress on the need for the appointment of Trade Advisory Commission consisting of experts and disinterested persons and this suggestion was supported by some members during the Third Reading of the bill. We hope the Government will not fail to provide effective machinery to secure the fulfilment of the objects of the bill.

Frankly Speaking

Wanted Justice For Asia

The Asian Regional Conference of the I.L.O. adopted on Wednesday an important resolution urging intensification of the Asian work of the I.L.O. The resolution particularly asked for more regional conferences and meetings of technical experts from Asian countries and also for adequate representation of Asian nationals on the various committees and the staff of the I.L.O. If full effect is given to the resolution at an early date it will only give to Asian countries the justice long denied to them. As Mr. N. M. Joshi suggested, the I.L.O. has too long been European and American. It should now be a real world organisation. The second world war has taught nothing if it has not taught the lesson that the world is one and that Labour discontent in any large part of the world is a menace to the world as a whole. The famous Philadelphia declaration of the I.L.O. itself states that "poverty anywhere is a danger to prosperity everywhere."

Increase Production

Another important resolution of the Conference refers to the acute shortages of production most of the Asian countries are suffering from and stresses the urgent necessity for increasing production; the need for increasing productive efficiency to the maximum extent; the need for establishing, in consultation with organisations of employers and workers, suitable consultative, negotiating or statutory bodies for the speedy and equitable resolution of differences between labour and management. Under-production adds to the hardships of the workers as also many other classes, and raising the standard of Labour presupposes that there is ample production to be distributed among workers. As prolonged strikes are one of the main causes of under-production, every attempt must be made to prevent them. And an effective means of achieving the object is, as the resolution itself suggests, the establishment of bodies representing both labour and management to settle their differences. These and other resolutions of the Conference can achieve their objects only if the Asian countries make ceaseless concerted efforts to have them implemented. It need hardly be added that in this behalf India and Pakistan may well take the lead.

Right And Just Solution

The revised American resolution on Korea, which has been passed by the Political Committee of the U.N., is noteworthy for inclusion in it, at India's instance, of the provisions that guarantee virtually immediate and unreserved independence to the whole country. Immediate independence free from all foreign domination is the basic and main problem from the point of view of Korea. That desire, as Mr. Sen assured the Soviet and Ukrainian representatives, can be better understood by India than all the other countries in the United Nations and India spoke with the justification of experience when it demanded independence for Korea as the main and basic item in the solution of triangular Korean problem. There can be no doubt about the rightness of the revised resolution on the score of justice, democracy and the rights and aspirations of a people so long subjected to foreign domination and tyranny. But how can the solution work if one of the main parties concerned has proclaimed its boycott?

MORRISON REFUTES TORY CHARGES

Political Feeling Reaches Boiling Point In Commons

LONDON, Nov. 6. (Reuter): Political feeling reached boiling point in the House of Commons today after Conservatives had charged the Government with "evergrowing political nepotism"—"providing jobs for the boys", and for their friends and supporters.

Many members were on their feet at one time and there was something like pandemonium with shouts of "corruption", and "dirty", rising above a hubbus of cheers and counter-cheers.

The trouble started when Mr. Herbert Morrison, Deputy Prime Minister, declined a suggestion by Conservative Major Lloyd, that an Appointments Committee should be set up to examine any recommendations made by any Minister for filling any post which was at the Minister's discretion, and require him to justify it.

Opposition leader Winston Churchill, challenged Mr. Morrison to agree to an inquiry, but Mr. Morrison, backed by cheering supporters, replied "No, Not unless people who circulate slanders against Ministers put their charges into writing and establish a "prima fascie" case".

New Deal For Asian Labour

Delhi Conference Discusses Security To Code

Agricultural Workers Not Excluded From Scheme

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6 (API): The Asian Regional Labour Conference took up for consideration to-day the resolution on Social Security submitted by the Committee on Social Security

Stating that the establishment of Social Security Services has become an urgent task among the workers of Asian countries, the resolution urges that such schemes should be accompanied by measures providing for an adequate growth and supply of essential foodstuffs sufficient to meet the accepted standards of subsistence and nutrition, a living wage, decent housing and healthy environment, and free and compulsory education. The resolution urges the Governments of Asian countries to take vigorously on hand schemes for the achievement of these objectives.

Suggesting that the progress of social security schemes—wherever they exist—in the various countries of Asia should be accelerated, the resolution recommends to the Governments concerned that these and other schemes which may be organised should seek to cover risks such as sickness, maternity, invalidity, death of breadwinner and employment injury and, in the case of industrial workers, old age and unemployment under certain conditions.

The implementation of such schemes will be facilitated if the workers and employers co-operate wholeheartedly to increase and intensify production.

BASIS FOR SCHEME

Such scheme should be framed in the light of the suggestions set forth in the following paragraphs:

1 Income Security

(A) SOCIAL INSURANCE PLANNING.

(1) In the case of all labour that is regulated, income security should be afforded by means of social insurance, financed by contributions from workers, employers and Governments.

(2) In the formulation of social insurance policy, consideration should be given to the following principles:

(A) An integral and long-term plan of social insurance, to be fulfilled by stages, should be framed from the outset;

(B) As a first stage, social insurance schemes in respect of employment injury, maternity and sickness should be applied in certain geographical areas or in respect of all regulated labour, as may be found possible;

(C) In fixing the level of benefits, the aim should be to afford at least a minimum of subsistence;

(D) The provisions governing contribution and benefit rates and benefit rights should be framed in as simple a form as possible;

(E) Provision should be made for merging the rates of employment injury benefits with those of the corresponding benefits of sickness insurance;

(F) Wherever possible, contributions to, and the administration of, insurance schemes providing for sickness, maternity and employment injury benefits, which have, as a common factor, the provision of medical care, should be unified.

(B) EMPLOYMENT INJURY BENEFITS.

3. Consideration should be given to extending the scope of Employment Injury Benefit legislation so as to cover as many categories of workers not yet covered (including categories of agricultural workers) as may be administratively feasible from time to time.

4. In order that the laws and resolutions concerning employment injury benefits may conform as closely as conditions allow to the relevant provisions of the International Labour Code, consideration should be given, with due regard to paragraph two of this resolution, to the following principles:—

(A) The payment of benefits should, as a rule, be secured by means of a system of compulsory insurance administered by the State, or by a Non-Profit-Making Organisation;

(B) The benefits should normally take the form of periodical payments; a lump sum should be paid only if the competent authority is satisfied that it will be properly utilised;

(C) Medical care should be provided on an adequate scale and should include in-patient hospital treatment wherever possible;

(D) Specialised institutions should be established for the rehabilitation of injured workers;

(E) There should be periodical medical inspection of workers engaged in occupations in which occupational diseases are common.

Maternity Benefits

Consideration should be given to extending the scope of Maternity Benefit legislation so as to cover as many categories of women workers as may be administratively feasible from time to time.

In order that the laws and regulations concerning maternity benefits may conform as closely as conditions allow to the relevant provisions of the International Labour Code, consideration should be given with due regard to paragraph 2 of this resolution to the following principles:—

(A) Maternity benefits should be granted during maternity leave for six weeks before and six weeks after confinement.

(B) The payment of maternity benefits should, as a rule, be secured by a system of compulsory insurance administered by the State or by a Non-Profit-Making Organisation;

(C) Free medical care should be provided.

SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS

Having regard to the fact that in most Asian countries millions of people who are technically self-employed are working and living under conditions more or less similar to those of employed persons, consideration should be given to the provision of Old-Age and Survivors' Benefits for all who stand in need of such benefits, and not merely for employed persons and their survivors.

Such benefits should ultimately be provided in the form of Old-Age and Survivors Pensions by means of Social Insurance or Social Assistance schemes.

FIRST STEPS

Since the Governments of Asian countries may be unable for some time to afford the substantial subsidies required to finance such pension schemes, by reason of the large outlay they have to make for social services to which a higher priority should be accorded, the following measures should be taken as first steps towards making adequate provision against the risks of old age and death:

(A) The institution of compulsory provident funds for as many categories of workers as possible, and in particular, for all regulated labour.

(B) The extension of the scope of existing State-managed insurance schemes such as the Postal Insurance scheme administered by the Government of India, or the introduction of such schemes for the benefit of persons of small means.

SECURITY TO CULTIVATORS

With a view to affording a larger measure of income security to cultivators, Governments should consider the possibility of organising crop and cattle insurance schemes, either for the country as a whole or for those parts in which it may be possible to take immediate action.

Having regard to the predominantly rural character of most Asian countries and their village economy, the absence in many areas or communities of a money economy, the low standard of living of the population in general, the general need for an extension of medical care facilities, and the prevalence of preventable disease, medical care should be preferably provided, not by means of social insurance or social assistance services, but rather by a public medical care service for the whole of the population without contribution conditions or the imposition of a means test, subject to the proviso that social insurance schemes or other schemes for medical care for limited sections of the community, such as industrial workers, should, in suitable circumstances, be inaugurated in advance of the schemes of general medical care where these do not at present exist.

MEDICAL CARE SERVICES

In the organisation of medical care services, consideration should be given to the following principles:

(A) The medical care, general health and sanitation services should be integrated or be closely associated, with a view to rendering medical care more effectively by strengthening and extending preventive measures and environmental hygiene;

(B) Where provision is made for special medical care facilities for wage earners by means of social insurance contributions, such facilities should be provided through, or supervised by the health authorities administering the public medical care service for the whole population.

The resolution also urged the Governing Body of the I.L.O. to undertake detailed studies of the social service schemes already implemented or under consideration by the Asian countries and, at an appropriate time, to convene a meeting of social security experts from the Asian countries to consider the progress achieved and indicate measures which might be necessary. The I.L.O. was also urged to make available to the Asian countries for advice experts on problems of social security.

The report embodying the resolution was presented to the Conference by Mr. Kazi Mujtaba (Pakistan) and seconded by Mr. P. Ramamoorthy, Workers Delegate, India.

After another Pakistan delegate, Mr. A. M. Khan, had moved two amendments discussion on the resolution was suspended to enable the Secretary-General of the Conference, Mr. Jef Rens, to reply to the earlier debate on the Director-General's report.

Gandhiji—One Of Greatest Social Servants

(By NAYAN H. PANDYA.) III

Social service is a challenge to that intangible spirit of man which is a part of divinity. It is out singular good fortune that at this juncture we have among us Mahatma Gandhi, one of the greatest social servants and humanists in the world, a man who has completely identified himself with the lowly and the poor, and has constantly taught by word and deed the value and method of rendering true social service, with satya and Ahinsa (truth and non-violence, with all they connote) in every walk of life—domestic, institutional, economic and political. Gandhiji, in his life and work, embodies the best traditions and culture of India. With his critical knowledge of Western institutions, modes and thoughts, his reverent study of the Gita, the Bible and the Koran, and the assimilation in himself of the best in each of them, and with his innate understanding of Indian conditions, what Mahatmaji has said and done in the field of social work in general and in the fulfilment of the "constructive programme" in particular, forms an invaluable guide to the path of social justice in India. Gandhiji, indeed, is a great social scientist, great because of his choice of problems, his methods of solution, his persistence and thoroughness, combined with a knowledge of the human heart. He is master of all the details of both, organisations and administration. The widespread and difficult social problems on which he has expressly worked are (1) poverty, (2) unemployment; (3) inter-individual; inter-group and international violence; (4) disunity and friction between social groups; (5) education; (6) sanitation and public health, nutrition and agricultural reforms. All these fields are germane to the social worker; the social worker will profit by a study of Gandhiji's handling of them. More need hardly be said here in this respect, Gandhiji's books and recorded speeches are all available to the social worker.

ROUSE PUBLIC CONSCIENCE.

A word to those who will attend the Conferences, as delegates. We who are employed in rendering social service are all missionaries. Others may talk and discuss social theories. We are face to face with them in practice. We cannot be content with a passive role. We have to fight social evils, among others, abortion-mills, brothel-houses, price racketeering, black (which should properly be called red) markets, drink, gambling, slums, mendicancy, social prejudices. We have to see to law enforcement in matters regarding adulteration, expectant mothers and labour. We have to promote rehabilitation of prostitutes, released prisoners, and poor patients after they are discharged from hospitals. There is immense scope in cities like Bombay, Ahmedabad, Calcutta, Delhi etc., for social service in the larger sense of the term here indicated. The city's idle constitute a great reservoir of man power. It requires to be adequately utilised. "Community Centres" have to promote citizenship.

A big task, we, social workers have, is to build a constituency and tell people what we have to offer. The public conscience has to be roused. Complascency has to be made to give way to action. The morale of the poorer classes of citizens has to be built up. They have to be given a fair opportunity to achieve the dignity and decency of human personality.

SOCIAL AWARENESS.

Above all, we ourselves, have to develop sumpathy and "social awareness". Few of those who dwell in our cities can be unaware of dark patches disfiguring the footpaths and pavements of our cities, against which one may easily stumble in the dark. Prod the patch with a stick and it turns out to be a human being. It has been lying curled up on the road side with a beard and a head of hair that has not met the scissors for months; clothed, if at all, in tatters, with a grimy body and glazed eyes from which all hope has long since disappeared. And yet this being, from the touch and sight of which, one is inclined to hastily withdraw, was once a mother's darling. To her, the child was the acme of beauty, the focus of love, the source of visions and dreams. This child roamed about in the sun and played with other children and talked and sang and actually laughed and by the grace of God, might have become a great servant of our country. What hideous, what terrible catastrophes have overcome it, so that to-day the child has become a dumb, helpless bearded and unkempt creature lying on the streets, awaiting dissolution!

If this dying creature could be resuscitated and made to look back, he would such a tale unfold that it would raise one's hair in horror. It is for the social worker to undertake the poignant but highly instructive and interesting task. The history of this creature's life, the successive stages in his career until it was pushed into the gutter, would prove deeply rich in elements important to social science. It will be more useful than the reading of books on social service.

That patch lying on the pavement is a notbed of germs. It is also a hotbed of social problems. It is a challenge to society, to economy, to humanity, to religion, to thought, to swift preventive and curative action. Pre-eminently it is a case for us, social workers—if we have cultivated sufficient "social awareness".

An untrained social worker may be walking in a garden full of social problems, yet if he or she is socially unware, he or she may as well be walking in a desert. Gandhiji has not only opened our eyes to our social problems, he has pointed the method and means of their solution. Let us whole-heartedly and with faith and courage, accept his lead. Victory is certain.

(Parts I and II of Mr. Pandy's article appeared in our issues dated October 18 and 25).

(CONCLUDED.)

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Mr. Churchill, he (Mr. Henderson, Secretary of State) said, had made a speech which was not worthy of him. It would be difficult for people in far off countries who did not understand the cut and thrust of British debates to understand the references. Mr. Churchill made to one or two Burmese leaders.

Mr. Churchill: Either Aung was a traitor when he helped the Japanese invaders or he was a traitor to the Japanese when he deserted them and joined us.

—Commons Debate.

* * *

From the report of a B.P.C.C. meeting:—

"Mr. S. K. Patil, speaking next, threw light on why the words 'Socialist democracy' found in the draft of Shri Shankerrao Deo were deleted from the resolution. He said that they were a meaningless expression to misguide the people".

Too bad. Too bad of the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress to use meaningless expressions and misguide the people.

* * *

Pir Illahi Bakhsh Sind's perennial Minister, too, has spoken on Jawaharlal and Kashmir. Says the Pir: "Let me tell him (Jawaharlal) that the Muslims of Pakistan, nay, the whole world, would be prepared to take up the challenge, if he does not mend his ways."

Jawaharlal must shake with alarm and immediately apologise to Pir Illahi Bakhsh, abjectly promising that he would mend his ways forthwith and never, never again unmend them.

* * *

Meanwhile, the Pir's ultimatum emphasised by the specific threat that "all the Muslims will rise as one man....." must be adequately appreciated by Indian Muslims as the Pir's own most helpful contribution towards the solution of their problems. Also as something in full payment of the debt he and his fellow-Pakistanis owe to Indian Muslims.

Or, perhaps, Pir Illahi Bakhsh doesn't now recognise the debt and doesn't care either.

* * *

By the way, we confidently hope the "Muslim World" will understand Pir Illahi Bakhsh and not regard and resent his vocal gratuitousness as embarrassing.

* * *

Sardar Baldev Singh, asserts that "the two statements made recently by the Prime Minister of N.W.F.P. clearly show that the tribesmen have in fact been incited to go into Kashmir territory....."

To remember pointedly the two statements and ignore the latest third, in which Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan so clearly tries to forget the preceding two is a patent act of unjust unfriendliness. And Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan will be fully justified in shrieking against it—in continued forgetfulness of those two.

* * *

In his third statement Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan says: "All this talk of referendum and plebiscite is a sheer fraud on the outside world".

It is a great and profound relief to India to find that Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan didn't add that it was "violence" on the outside world, too.

* * *

LONDON, Nov. 5: The first meeting of the Conference of Deputies of the Big Four Foreign Ministers for Germany will open here tomorrow ....."—Reuter.

And will duly close there after the usual period of deadlock.

Saudi Arabia's Ultimatum To United Nations

Will Quit Organisation Immediately It Votes For Palestine's Partition

NEW YORK, Nov. 6 (Reuter): Emir Feisal, Foreign Minister of Saudi Arabia who is representing his country at the United Nations discussion on Palestine, has delivered a warning that Saudi Arabia will quit the United Nations the instant the Assembly votes for the partition of Palestine, according to the New York Daily News to-day.

The ultimatum, which implied that other Arab states would follow suit, was given orally to M. Andrei Gromyko, permanent Soviet Member of the Security Council, at a social gathering on Monday night, the paper said.

Emir Feisal is the second son of the ruler of Saudi Arabia, King Ibn Saud.

FIVE-HOUR BATTLE WEST OF SRINAGAR

(Continued from Page 1)

ernment of India by the Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha. The Committee decided at its meeting yesterday to communicate such an offer to the India Government.

PAKISTAN PROTESTS

KARACHI, Nov. 6 (API): The Pakistan Government have lodged a protest with the Government of India, it is learned, against the bombing of the Kohala Bridge by aircraft of the Royal Indian Air Force on November 2.

Kohala Bridge is jointly owned by the Government of Pakistan and the Kashmir State and is on the Rawalpindi-Srinagar Road.

SRINAGAR PERFECTLY NORMAL

SRINAGAR, Nov. 6 (UPI): Sheikh Abdullah's four-day old administration has inspired confidence among the people and Srinagar can be described as "perfectly normal". The banks which were closed throughout the past week opened yesterday and people went about their business.

It is understood that the Kashmir Government have placed a ban on all refugees leaving Srinagar by air for Delhi. This decision has been taken to avoid delays experienced by planes on their return flight from Srinagar and thus help the air lines to make two trips a day for reinforcement.

EMERGENCY OFFICER

Mirza Mahommed Afzal Beg, former popular Minister for Public Works, Kashmir has been appointed Emergency Officer of Southern Kashmir, it is learnt.

MORE ARRESTS

The State Police and Units of the "Bachao Fauz" have intensified activities to root out the "fifth columnists". More persons have been taken into custody, including Mr. Iqbal Chapri, member of the Kashmir State Assembly. Mr. Chapri was nominated to the Assembly by ex-Premier Kak's administration.

EAST PUNJAB WILL GIVE HOT RECEPTION

SIMLA, Nov. 6 (API): Sardar Swaran Singh, Home Minister, speaking in the East Punjab Assembly referred to the statement of Mr. Abdul Quayum Khan, Premier of N.W.F.P., and said: "We are very confident of our position (applause). We will leave no stone unturned to give the invaders the hot reception they deserve".

CALCUTTA, November 6. (API): It is learnt that India will participate in an exsibition at Baugkok to be held from December 5 to 12, to celebrate Siam's constitution day and the birthday of the King of Siam.

Requisitioning Of Premises In Bombay Province

Delhi Sanctions Framing Of Legislation

Council Passes Rent Control, Forward Market And Joint Electorates Bills

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)
POONA, NOVEMBER 6.

HOLDERS OF LONG LEASES OF MORE THAN 30 YEARS WILL BE EXEMPTED FROM THE BAN AGAINST SUB-LETTING CONTAINED IN THE RENT BILL AS PASSED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY ACCORDING TO AN AMENDMENT TO THE BILL MADE BY THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL TO-DAY. THE COUNCIL NOT ONLY PASSED THE RENT CONTROL BILL BUT THE BILL TO CONTROL THE FORWARD MARKET AS ALSO THE BILL TO INTRODUCE JOINT ELECTORATES FOR ALL MINORITY COMMUNITIES IN THE ELECTION TO LOCAL BODIES.

Mr. V. D Varktak, Minister for Local Self-Government, speaking on the Rent Control Bill stated that the Government of India had already replied to the communication addressed to them by the Bombay Government with regard to the question of empowering the Provincial Government to requisition premises. The Bombay Government would shortly frame legislation for the exercise of powers which would now be delegated to them by the Government of India.

FORWARD CONTRACTS MAY BE TAXED

Speaking on the Bill to control the Forward Market, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister indicated the possibility of the contracts in the Forward Markets being subjected to taxation. He was answering a suggestion made by Mr. Shantilal Shah regarding the possibility of levying taxation on the operations in the Forward Market.

Mr. Mehta stated that the Government would, at the outset, fix the limits of fluctuations under the provisions of the Bill and would then devise the machinery for taxing the contracts. It would not be wise to anticipate the form of taxation before recognised associations were duly set up and were functioning under the clauses of the Bill.

LARGE-SCALE HOUSING PROGRAMME FOR BOMBAY

Earlier in the day, Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, answering a series of questions on housing conditions in the City of Bombay stated that the Government of Bombay had drawn up a large-scale housing programme to provide a large number of tenements for the vast population that had grown in the City since the war. The quesitons had been put by Mr. R. N. Mandlik. The Minister stated that about 6,400 acres out of a total of 10,900 acres of open land was available for the housing scheme and about 90,000 tenements would be required to accommodate about four lakhs of people. This would still leave sufficient space for recreation and other purposes.

Mr. Desai further stated that according to the report of the Housing Panel published in January last year, the estimated population of Bombay was approximately 23 lakhs while the population according to the 1941 census was only 14,89,000 and odd. The Housing Panel had estimated that the City population of nearly 15 lakhs required 3,35,000 tenements. But only 5,500, both for residential and other purposes, had been put up in the City during the six years between 1941 and 1947. This was far short of the needs of the vast population that had grown since 1941.

NO NEED TO ENACT LAW PROHIBITING CCW-SLAUGHTER

Replying to another question by the same member, Mr. Morarji said that the Government did not consider it advisable to enact a law prohibiting the slaughter of cows and the selling of beef in the market. It was felt that in view of the limited fodder resources and other economic factors the ban already placed on the slaughter of animals fit for breeding or for work was adequate to prevent any deterioration in the cattle wealth of the Province.

NIZAM'S ENVOY MEETS MOUNTBATTEN

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6. (API): Members of the Hyderabad Negotiating Committee, who had to leave today, had had to postpone their departur till tomorrow.

Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung leader of the delegation met the Governor-General Lord Mountbatten today and had discussions with him for half an hour.

.. ..

Heavy Fighting In Yulin

Chinese Govt. Troops Recapture Changwu

NANKING, Nov. 6. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops recaptured Changwu, strategic railway city in Western Manchuria near the Jehol border, as heavy fighting continued in the north Shensi city of Yulin, dispatches said today. Great importance was attached to the victory at Changwu. Safety of the coal-mining centre of Fusin, has been strengthened and Communist pressure on the transportation artery relieved, it was said.

Government dispatches reported that a brigade of Mongolian Communists were badly beaten at the battle of Changwu and were in headlong flight.

There was a lull on other Manchurian battlefronts including Kirin.

In Yulin, 100 miles north of the captured Communist headquarters of Yenan, Government reports said nationalist planes demolished the Communist headquarters and Government re-inforcements were still pouring into the city.

MAHATMA MEETS MOUNTBATTEN

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6. (API): Mahatma Gandhi called on the Governor-General Lord Mountbatten and stayed with him for more than an hour.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad Food Minister, Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, Bihar, and Dr. B. C. Roy called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

Proposed Increase In Cloth Prices

Sir,—There is a growing tendency in several quarters at present to criticise, rightly or wrongly, the industrialists and millowners for all the economic ills but the article headed 'Increase in price of Fine cloth' written by Mr. H. L. Dawlatjada is such a gross mis-statement of facts that it is difficult to imagine to what length one can go in indulging in deliberate misrepresentation of a case.

It is true that the Government had recently proposed a rise of six annas a yard in counts over 30s but everybody knows that not a single pie of this increase was to go to the millowners. Not only that but actually a further cut in fine counts was proposed and the whole amount due both from the increase and cut in prices was to be paid by the mills to a fund out of which the proposed subsidy was to be given to the manufacturers of coarse counts. In other words, the Government had admitted that the coarse count prices ruling at present are uneconomic and required adjustment but they were not prepared to allow any direct increase in coarse count prices. Hence it was proposed that the amount necessary to bring the coarse count prices to an economic level should be realised from the consumers of fine counts. It is absolutely clear beyond any doubt that if the scheme would have been accepted the fine count mills would not have benefited at all but would have been subjected to a cut in prices. There was thus absolutely no chance under that scheme of any mills going finer but there is no doubt that many mills would have gone coarser resulting in definite increase in production. The whole table given by Mr. Dawlatjada showing the extra realisation per piece is therefore completely misleading and shows his complete ignorance of the principles of the scheme.

Press reports suggest that the question of readjustment of the price structure will now be referred to the Tariff Board as if all the protracted enquiries conducted so far are not sufficient to enable the Government to come to a final decision. It is clear that the Government are fully convinced of the need of readjusting prices. In the meantime, production continues to decline and the situation is going from bad to worse. Economic factors however do not wait for the convenience of the Government or anybody else and the present policy of inaction and indecision may lead to economic crisis which may shatter the whole economic structure of the country to pieces.—Yours, etc.,

G. D. SOMANI

Govt. Measures For Scavengers' Upliftment

M. L. A. Withdraws Resolution For Inquiry On Gilder's Assurance

(From Our Special Representative)
POONA, Nov. 6.

An assurance to do everything possible to ameliorate the conditions of sweepers and scavengers working under various municipal bodies was given by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day.

After detailing the steps Government had already taken the Minister for Public Health stated that Government was keenly alive to the conditions of these people and that it would appoint a special committee to inquire into their working conditions if it was necessary to do so.

The question arose out of a resolution moved by Mr. H. I. Kalyani asking for the appointment of provincial and district committees to inquire into the conditions of service of sweepers and scavengers employed in Municipalities, Notified Areas and Town Areas. The resolution had been moved on the last non-official day. In the resumed debate, to-day the speakers concurred with the objects of the resolution and depicted a grim picture of the conditions of these humble and lower workers.

GILDER'S ASSURANCE

Dr. Gilder replying to the debate on behalf of Government stated that there was no section of the House which was without sympathy for the lowly and humble men who were rendering an essential public service. They were the masters of public health and it was only when they went on strike that people sat up and took notice of their work. Government was as keen as anybody else on improving their lot. He was glad to inform the House that out of 131 municipalities in the province, 103 had already made their scavenging staff permanent. In the case of others, it was found difficult to take them on the permanent roll because workers preferred to stay on a part time basis because that would enable them to earn more money outside.

Still later in April 1947, the Prime Minister had taken up the question himself and the Department had been asked to formulate a scheme for the improvement of conditions of municipal employees. The Government had already given them a bonus and was contributing 50 per cent of their dearness allowance.

On the basis of the information and assurances contained in Dr. Gilder's speech, Mr. Kalyani withdrew his resolution.

An identical resolution given notice of by Mr. L. M. Shriant, S. R. Bharatiya, and Mr. D. M. Bidkar was moved by Mr. Shrikant. The resolution urged the Government to give special priority to the backward areas inhabited by the aboriginal tribes in the various schemes of reconstruction plan for their rapid progress and integration with rest of the community.

ONE CRORE FOR AMELIORATION OF ABORIGINES

Mr. L. M. Shrikant in support of his resolution gave detailed information regarding the educational and economic backwardness of the aborigines. The Government of Bombay had a ninety crores programme of post-war reconstruction. Out of this, only one crore had been allotted for the amelioration of the aboriginal tribes. Even if this amount were doubled or trebled, it would still be inadequate for the improvement of the appalling condition of the aborigines. On a motion by Mr. Bhogilal Lala further consideration of the resolution was postponed to the next session.

A. I. MUSIC CONFERENCE IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD Nov. 5. (API): The 12th All-India Music Conference will be held here from Nov. 8 to 10 under the Auspices of the Allahabad University

Famous artists from all over India will participate in the Conference.

Justifying Freedom Through Social Uplift

State Must Rescue Down-Trodden, Says Chagla: Kher Opens Conference In City

BOMBAY, Thursday

"The aim of social work, is to remove social injustice, to relieve distress, to prevent suffering and to assist the weaker members of society to rehabilitate themselves and their families, and, in short, to fight the five giant evils of physical want, disease, ignorance, squalor, and idleness", observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay in the course of his inaugural speech at the All-India Social Workers' Conference which began on Thursday evening at Sundarbai Hall.

The inaugural session of the Conference was attended by His Excellency Sir John Colvile, Lady Colville, Lady Nye, about 500 delegates from all over the country and representatives of the Central and Provincial Governments as well as of the numerous institutions engaged in social work in the country.

Mr. Kher said: "In the past, Government in this country has held itself more or less aloof from the field of social service and it is but natural that social workers should be agitated over the proper relation of the State to social service in future. The State now belongs to the people and the fulfilment of the highest functions of the State lies in its transformation into a Social Service Corporation. You have no doubt heard of the famous expression "Constructive Programme" of Mahatma Gandhi. He has always maintained that the fulfilment of the constructive programme is Swaraj." (Cheers).

PROBLEM OF REHABILITATION

Mr. Kher then referred to, what he called the almost staggering problem of rehabilitation brought about by forced migrations of millions of people during the last few weeks and emphasised the need of a band of social workers capable of identifying themselves with the sufferers, living among them, sharing their common sorrows and yet imparting to them the necessary courage to help rebuild themselves and their homes.

PERSONAL TOUCH

In handling these human problems of a delicate nature, the personal touch played a very great part. Mr. Kher pleaded for setting up institutions for training social workers to develop the personality and character of the trainee so as to produce a disciplined and well-equipped person capable of handling problems with sympathy and imagination

NEED FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE

Earlier Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla, Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcoming the representatives of social service agencies from all over India, said that it was not enough that in free India men should be equal before the law and that even-handed justice should be meted out by Courts of law. It was equally important that there should be social justice in this country if we are to justify our freedom and establish our claim to be a progressive nation prepared to be judged by the highest standards laid down by thinkers and public men all the world over.

After Mr. Kher declared the Conference open, Dr. J. F. Bulsara, Hon. General Secretary of the Conference proposed Mr. Jamshed Nusserwanji as President of the Conference.

The Secretary in his report revealed that the first President of the Conference was no less a personality than the architect of India's freedom, and one of the greatest social workers India had ever produced, namely Mahatma Gandhi (cheers).

Dr. Bulsara next referred to the problem of refugees and said: To rehabilitate them to normalcy even as regards their bare economic sustenance is going to be a problem of the first magnitude for years. To solve their many other problems of social, psychological and cultural readjustment will be a formidable task".

Dr. Bulsara read messages to the Conference from Lady Mountbatten, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Acharya Kripalani and Sir Mirza Ismail.

Mr. Jamshed Nusserwanji, in his Presidential speech referred to the numerous problems to be faced and overcome by social workers. He said, "It seems as if all the ills of society have aggregated in their intensity amidst us. There is the appalling poverty giving rise to disease, malnutrition, and moral degeneracy. There is the problem of insanity and juvenile delinquency, enfeebled motherhood, neglected, unwanted children, the disabled, the crippled, the illiterate, the beggar, the criminal, the oppressed and the innocent in the hands of the profiteer, the black-marketer, and the blood-sucking moneylender who loans out at 100, 200 and 500 per cent interest. There again is the problem of the unnoticed, uncencouraged youth who could be made a useful citizen but who is neglected and denied the opportunity to be trained into useful citizenship".

SPECIAL MONETARY FUND

Mr. Jamshed next suggested the setting up of a special monetary fund or bank where an initial sum from a capital wealth levy of 5 to 25 per cent from each citizen, graded according to recommendations of a Special Committee, be deposited and an annual income both from Government realisations and special taxes could be added.

He concluded: "Governments and capitalists both have to see the "signs of the times". They cannot be blind to the forces which are mustering strong. The path of the country can only lie on the principle of "happiness of all" and "happiness to him through whom happiness to others".

A. G. PUNTAMBEKAR DEAD

Founder Of Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya And Daxini Brahmin Sabha

BOMBAY Nov. 6. (A.P.I.): Mr. A. G. Puntambekar, the founder of the Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya and the Daxini Brahmin Sabha, Bombay, expired today at 9 p.m. His funeral will take place at 8 a.m. tomorrow. The procession will start from Brahmin Sabha, Girgaum, Bombay. He died of cancer at the age of 78.

28 Injured In City Explosion

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Twenty-eight persons, including a police officer and a police constable, were injured when an explosive burst in the eastern part of Fort area this evening, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay.

The Press Note adds that fourteen of them were admitted in hospital, while the remaining were allowed to go after treatment.

ALL-INDIA WRITERS' CONFERENCE

BENARES, Nov. 5 (API): The five-day session of the second All-India Writers' Conference held under the auspices of the P. E. N. (India Centre) concluded last evening.

The papers on "Cultural Unity of India", "Applied Culture", "Fostering of Translations from an into the Indian Languages," "The Role of English Language in Independent India" and "Threat of Reportage to Creative Writings" were read at the Conference.

Discussions on "Roman Script" and writers' rights and responsibilities in modern India were held during the session. Most of the speakers were against adoption of "Roman script" in India.

Brief surveys of Hindi, Marathi Gujarati, Sanskrit, Kannada and other languages were also made at the conference.

SARDAR'S REPLY TO LIAQUAT ALI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6 (API): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, in a rejoinder to certain charges made by the Prime Minister of Pakistan Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan in a recent broadcast says:—

Freebooters and looters have been dubbed as liberators and heroes; the wanton and mass tragedies inflicted by the raiders on the innocent, helpless and peaceful inhabitants of villages in the Happy Valley have been treated as matters of no consequence and what is virtually directed invasion from a friendly territory has been presented as a rising of the people against the tyranny and oppression of a ruling race.

D. F. KARAKA: Off My Chest

Every day under the letter "R" in a one-column box, the Government of Bombay reports news of some small fry being convicted for breach of the rationing law. The individual is an unknown individual who has refused to sell charcoal or rice without just cause.

There are some important cases pending in which well-to-do and well-known individual and firms are involved.

It is hoped that, the results of these cases, if favourable to Government will receive the same publicity at the hands of Government.

* * *

The following news-item which was "boxed" in bold black appeared in the "National Standard" of yesterday. It is a message from its Ratnagiri correspondent.

Just read it carefully and digest it.

RATNAGIRI, Nov. 5.

"The Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh stood not for cheap popularity but for building a strong nation based on Hindu tradition", said Mr. Madhavrao Golwalkar, the Generalissimo of the R.S.S. Sangh, presiding over a mass rally of 5,000 Sangh volunteers from all over the district here yesterday.

Earlier, there was a march past of the volunteers. Mr. Bagal took the salute and unfurled the Sangh flag.

The Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh is going from strength to strength in the Central Provinces. In Raipur town alone the membership of the Sangh, which was only a couple of hundreds till recently has now swelled to about 1,500.

On Nov. 2, Vijaya Dashmi day the annual district rally of the R.S.S. was held in Raipur with Seth Keshavchand Dhariwal of Nagpur presiding. A record crowd of 5,000 citizens watched the proceedings which included demonstrations in drill, sword play and mock-fight with daggers and lathis.

The caption read: "R.S.S. For Strong Hindu Nation."

PATTABHI WARNS MADRAS GOVT.

Infiltration Into Districts From Hyderabad State

MADRAS, Nov. 6. (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya said in a statement on the Hyderabad situation today that the Madras Government should take a wider view of the political situation in the country and recognise that "what is but a mist of cloud today may burst into a storm any moment".

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya said: "It is not so much the number of Hindus that have migrated from Hyderabad that is of concern to us, as it is the infiltration of insidious influences, the result of which is to arm the Muslims in the Frontier areas between Hyderabad and surrounding districts of Kurnool, Guntur and Kistna.

"There is ample evidence to show that much money has flowed across the boundary. The Madras Government cannot lie supine when there is insipiant fire in these areas, which may, any day, threaten to burst into a conflagration. There is a strong rumour in the country that a steamer called at the port of Vizagapatam, but forthwith departed, whither people cannot say. This must be traced. If arms are being imported from abroad, they must be scrutinized and their entry into the State must be dealt with as law permits, or as occasion demands.

TRUMAN ON INTERIM AID TO EUROPE

WASHINGTON, November 6 (Reuter): President Truman today insisted that Congress in its special session, opening on November 17, should take simultaneous action on both Interim aid for Europe and American domestic anti-inflation programmes.

Speaking to a Press Conference the President made it clear that he wanted action on these two problems before Congress tackled the Marshall Plan.

Four Families Rule China

The prime factor for the present troubles of China is the Kuomintang Government. The party, the Government and the state machine are controlled for the last twenty years by a narrow oligarchy of four families! Unbelievable when we consider the fact that one quarter of the human race lives in China.... 'Inside stuff' from the pen of Jack Chen the son of Kuomintang's first Foreign Minister in the next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly".

Bobby, Bobby!

The making of a London bobby. Poets may be born, but a policeman has to be made, every inch of him. Pictorial glimpse of the process.

Not Hobson's Choice

Job or Marriage? Which way should the Indian woman turn? The first response to our invitation for Readers' opinions.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Weekly
Sunday, Nov. 9

"LITTLE ASSEMBLY" IS NO VIOLATION OF CHARTER

Indian Expert Answers Soviet Delegation's Charge

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 6 (Reuter):—The Indian advocate, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, boldly tackled the Soviet Union's famed public prosecutor, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, on legal grounds in the Political Committee during discussion of the proposed Assembly Interim Committee popularly called "Little Assembly."

Mr. Setalvad took several of M. Vyshinsky's legal arguments and dispassionately tore them to pieces. He said: "I was a member of the Sub-Committee which examined the proposal and I assure my brother delegates we took meticulous care to see that the constitution of the committee conformed entirely with the Charter and that in no way infringed on the functions of the Security Council.

SUBSIDIARY BODY

"The resolution in terms states that the proposed committee is a body subsidiary to the General Assembly, constituted under Article 22 of the Charter. In it are specifically recited the articles in respect whereto it is to function and these indicate that the functions of the Committee are confined strictly within the functions of the General Assembly.

"Further in the exercise of each of its functions it is to report its conclusions to the General Assembly, which again emphasises its subsidiary character.

UNANIMITY

"It has, however, been said that though the terms of the proposed resolution are innocuous it infringes the terms of the Charter by affecting the principle of unanimity. This view is in our opinion entirely unsound."

Mr. Setalvad added: "The principle of unanimity is confined by the Charter to certain functions of the Security Council, it has no application to the functions of the General Assembly.

"It is contended that the proposed committee will be a body competitive with the Security Council. It is difficult to understand this contention in view of the terms of the resolution which prevent consideration of matters on the agenda of the Security Council.

"It is true that the Committee, as a subsidiary body will discuss questions relating to international peace and security but we have to remember that the General Assembly has up to a point powers and functions in matters of peace and security. This Committee will function entirely within that sphere of the General Assembly."

R

For FAILURE TO NOTIFY, to the nearest Ward Rationing Office, their departure, SHAHABUDDIN HUSSEIN and SK. ABDULGANI SHAHABUDDIN HUSSEIN RAKHANGI were convicted and sentenced the former to pay a fine of Rs. 200/- or to two months' rigorous imprisonment; and the latter to Rs. 100/- or one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Siam Rejects Award On Border Land Dispute

Decision On Conciliation Commission's Recommendations

BANGKOK, Nov. 6 (Reuter): Siam has rejected an International Conciliation Commission award regarding the Siamese-Indo-China border provinces.

The Commission, comprising representatives of Britain, the United States, France, Peru and Siam, met in Washing and recommended that four disputed provinces should go to French Indo-China and about 80 islands on the Mekong River to Siam.

The speaker of the Siamese Parliament disclosed Siam's decision when he read out a letter addressed to the President of the Commission expressing regret that she could not accept the recommendations.

An agreement providing for the return to Indo-China of territories ceded to Siam by the Vichy Government under Japanese pressure in 1941 was signed between France and Siam in Washington in November 1946.

The territories returned covered nearly 40,000 square miles, consisting of all the areas of northern and southern Laos, west of the Mekong River and a large part of northern Combodia, including some of the richest ricefields in Indo-China.

TALKS ON INDONESIA

BATAVIA, Nov. 6 (Reuter): The Six-Nation Consular Commission which recently investigated the Security Council's cease fire order in Indonesia will shortly join the United Nations Good Offices Commission in mediating in the Dutch Indonesia dispute, Dutch sources reported today.

Mr. Justice Kirby and Dr. Frank Graham, Australian and United States members of the Good Offices Commission, were quoted as saying on their return to Batavia from Jogjakarta, that they would hold talks with the Consuls tomorrow.

Well-informed sources in Batavia said that the talks would take place in a ship provided by the United States Government.

POLISH PEASANT PARTY MEN ARRESTED

WARSAW, Nov. 6 (Reuter): Three members of the Polish Peasant Party, who escaped with M. Stanislaw Mikolajczyk are in Warsaw gaol awaiting trial, it was learned to-day.

They had been arrested on Czechoslovak territory and charged with having left Poland without passports and with having stolen a large sum in party funds, reports said. Other arrests had also been made.

Political charges might also be laid alleging collaboration with officials of an unarmed Embassy in Warsaw.

JAPANESE SILK FOR INDIAN COTTON

The Secretary of the Silk and Art Silk Mills Association Ltd. writes:—India has purchased 3,000 bales of raw silk and 2,800,000 pounds weight of rayon yarn from Japan for shipment in the middle of November. The consignment will be taken as partial payment for the 170,000 bales of Indian cotton recently sold to Japan."

Ministerial Services Association

The Government of Bombay has accorded recognition to the Bombay Provincial Federation of Ministerial Services Associations on the conditions mentioned below:

(1) The Government will not object to the outsiders being appointed as office-bearers of the Federation.

(2) The Federation will not have the right to strike.

(3) The Government will establish Joint Councils and Committees similar to the Whitley Councils in the various offices and departments of the Province as soon as arrangements can be made.

These Councils and Committees will only deal with the general questions affecting the conditions of service and will not deal with the individual cases. In the event of agreement not being reached between the official side and the staff side, the point at issue will be referred to arbitration.

Although individual cases cannot be dealt with by the Joint Councils and Committees, individuals cases of alleged victimization of Government servants working as official of the Federation will be referred to the Bombay Public Service Commission for decision.

(4) The Government will not object to the Federation issuing statements to the Press, provided these statements are discussed with the Director of Publicity before release and in any case in which the Director considers the statement unsuitable for the Press, it will not be publised without the Government's consent.

CAUSES OF LOSS OF APPETITE

in young girls and women are deficient liver function associated with mental strain and worry. Livergen will certainly cure the bad liver, but for mental strain and worry consult yourself or your parents.

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Douglas Fairbanks Jr. and Maureen O'Hara in "Sinbad The Sailor" (Excelsior).

SEEING THE SHOWS WITH "SARDI"

'Gone With The Wind' Returns—'Captain Caution' Reissued—MacMurray In Unconvincing Melodrama —'Sinbad' And 'Cry Wolf' Stay On

*

Metro

GONE WITH THE WIND (M.G.M.)
Players: Clark Gable, Vivien Leigh, Leslie Howard, Olivia de Havilland, Evelyn Keyes.

Here is a re-issue of the film adaptation of Margaret Mitchell's famous best-seller of the last decade. Considering that the lengthy novel had to be greatly condensed, the picture, as I remember it, was a fairly faithful version of the reactionary story which, set against the background of the American Civil War, opposed Negro emancipation and even glorified the Klu Klux Klan and its Negro-lynching activities.

The central character, Scarlett O'Hara, is a wild egoistical Southern girl covetous of other people's possessions, whether it effected property, her younger sister's beau, or her gentle Cousin Melanie's husband Ashley. At the end of her ruthless career, during which she acquires much that she had set her heart upon, she realises that Ashley is but a dreamer and weakling, that she has lost her husband Rhett Butler's love, which, though worth cherishing, she had scorned all along through her blind passion for Ashley, and that when the outwardly docile, delicate Melanie dies, "the flaming sword that had protected her from the world, is sheathed for ever".

M.G.M. cast Vivien Leigh as Scarlett, her only recommendation being that she was half Irish. The strong part made her, even though here and there, in moments of dramatic import, as when she had to attend the confinement of Melanie, she seemed out of her depth. Clark Gable as Rhett who proved to be the one match for Scarlett, was ideally cast, as was the late Leslie Howard in the role of the wavering Ashley. For me the real heroine of the story was the gentle Melanie, and right well Olivia de Havilland played her.

The picture covers a sprawling canvas, contains colourful scenes of the sleepy South before the Civil War, and an entertaining plot which, in comparison to its background, seems somewhat trivial.

For lovers of spectacle who can endure three and a half garish hours of it.

*

Excelsior

SINBAD THE SAILOR (R.K.O.-Radio).
Players: Douglas Fairbanks Jr., Maureen O'Hara, Anthony Quinn.
Director: Richard Wallace.

A Hollywood scenarist's opium dream of the fabulous Sinbad's hunt for the hidden treasures of Alexander the Great, misfires even as a pure fantasy, because it becomes confused with too many situations overlapping one another.

Sinbad, Jamal a wily Mongolian, and the Emir of Daibul with his lady-love Shireen, find themselves on the same ship bound for the island of Deryabar containing the loot on which they have all set their hearts. On the island, lives Aga Ahmed awaiting his long-lost son Prince Ahmed, whose identity Sinbad assumes with the help of a locket, belonging to the Prince, which he has acquired by chance. Jamal and Emir pay for their greed with their lives, while the sailor and Shireen learn that love is the finest treasure of all.

The junior Fairbanks makes a bad carbon-copy of his famous father, appearing a mere gesticulating shadow aping the latter's mannerisms and athletic prowess. Maureen O'Hara is decorative in gowns that are pseudo-oriental, while Anthony Quinn makes a sneering villain in the best fairy tale tradition. Walter Slezak's Jamal is a bright cameo that lends the picture a degree of sparkle.

Yankee mispronunciation of Eastern names fall hard on the ear.

Hollywood rubs Alladin's lamp to the delight of the light-hearted.

*

Regal

CAPTAIN CAUTION
Players: Victor Mature, Alan Ladd, Leo Carrillo, Bruce Cabot, Louise Platt.
Director: Richard Wallace

Adapted from Kenneth Roberts's sea saga, this is a somewhat bewildering and amateurish affair which clearly reveals the passage of time since it was first made several years ago, when Alan Ladd was but a bit player.

At sea for over ninety days, the American vessel "The Olive Branch" is taken unawares by an English ship, shortly after the outbreak of the War of Independence. In the ensuing battle, the captain is killed and his daughter takes his place when the ship is rescued from its captors. A scheming first mate and the reckless seaman,

Dennis Morgan and Janis Paige in "The Time, The Place And The Girl" (Strand) from Wednesday

Captain Caution, become rivals for the woman's affection, with Caution winning her when the deep-dyed villain meets his fate as in every melodrama.

Confusing sea-battles and hand-to-hand fights dominate the action, in which Victor Mature reveals a pleas-

Gable and Leigh in "Gone With The Wind" (Metro).

ing virility. Alan Ladd, in a bit part is hardly noticeable, while Louise Platt makes a singularly unattractive leading lady.

Picture boat ahoy! Youngsters to the rescue!

*

Strand: Till Tuesday

CRY WOLF! (Warner Bros.)
Players: Errol Flynn, Barbara Stanwyck, Richard Basehart.
Director: Peter Godfrey.

Warners pull a fast one on the audience with this murder mystery which keeps you glued in suspense to your seat, only to peter out to a tame anti-climax. Disguising the benevolent hero in the mask of a wolf, helps to achieve the suspense; but one feels cheated when the leering mask is removed to display a protective smile.

To the Caldwell family mansion comes Sandra, the widow of Jim Demarest, to probe into the secret of her husband's death, which she believes was motivated by the greed for his inheritance, in his uncle Mark Caldwell, a scientist. Strange cries emerging from Mark's laboratory at night, and the suicide of his niece Julie, intensify Sandra's suspicions which appear confirmed when she discovers that Mark's nephew, with whom she had contracted a marriage of convenience, is actually alive. Having accepted Mark so far as the dyed-in-the-wool villain, we are now jolted out of our complacency by the revelation that this saint had donned furry garments for the honour of the family. The red-herring train ends with Sandra and Mark in each other's arms.

Errol Flynn masquerades well enough as the sinner who turns out to be a saint, while Barbara Stanwyck as Sandra pulls the wool not only over her own, but also over the audience's eyes.

Warners cry "Wolf!"

*

Strand: From Wednesday 12.

THE TIME, THE PLACE AND THE GIRL (Warner)
Players: Dennis Morgan, Jack Carson, Janis Paige.
Director: David Butler.

A light musical comedy which once again gives Dennis Morgan a chance to exercise his vocal chords in numbers such as "Through A Thousand Dreams" and "A Rainy Nighty In Rio", this film promises to be sprightly and frolicsome fare with Jack Carson presumably contributing his quota of laugh 'gags'.

To be fully reviewed next week.

*

Eros

SINGAPORE (Universal—International)
Players: Fred MacMurray, Ava Gardner, Roland Culver.

A triangular drama set in the Orient, this picture presents us with a girl who is an amnesia victim. Married to an Englishman whom she had chanced to meet in a prison camp during the war, she remembers nothing of her past life, till her former lover reappears. The husband gallantly steps aside to ensure their happiness.

The sultry Ava Gardner plays the amnesia victim, MacMurray is the lover and Roland Culver the husband.

Hidden pearls, which the hero finally hands over to the police, are introduced to lend the melodrama its air of mystery.

Pseudo-thriller.

*

RETURN FILMS

AURORA (Matunga): "A Stolen Life"—Bette Davis, Glenn Ford (Fri.-Mon.): "The Life Of Emile Zola"—Paul Muni (Tues.-Thurs.).

PALACE: "The Song Of Scheherazada"—Yvonne de Carlo, Jean Pierre Aumont.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

STRAND—10-30 a.m.: "Devotion"—Paul Henreid, Ida Lupino, Olivia de Havilland.

REGAL—10 a.m.: "The Jolson Story"—Larry Parks, Evelyn Keyes.

METRO—10 a.m.: "Gone With The Wind"—Vivien Leigh Clark Gable.

Barbara Stanwyck and Errol Flynn in "Cry Wolf!" which will remain at the Strand till Tuesday.

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Refugee Relief Affects National Health Programme

Dr. Jivraj Mehta On Two Factors For Success Of Medical Services Schemes

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The execution of he various health and medical schemes sponsored by the Government of India may have to be shelved for the next few years on account of the diversion of vast finances for the succour of the millions of refugees and the general dislocation caused by the countdy-wide disturbances, said Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Director General of Health, Government of India, speaking at a reception held in his honour this evening.

The party was arranged by Mr. Chatrabhuj G. S. Moolji Jaitha, a city businessman at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

The Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, who presided over the function, paid glowing tributes to the remarkable work Dr. Mehta has done for the progress of medical science in India.

TWO FACTORS

Dr. Mehta in his reply said that the progress of health and medical services in India depended mainly on two factors, namely, the availability of a large team of well-trained medical men and a continuous process of experimentation and research work. Tracing the history and the development of medical science in India, Dr. Mehta observed that India once occupied a prominent position in the field of medicine among the nations of the world. But later, Western countries made greater progress, while India lagged behind. "We must not rest content with our past glory, but we must go ahead if the health of the millions is to be ensured", he asserted.

Dr. Mehta also referred to the valuable work done by Indian medical men in the Punjab and other riot-affected areas. The main handicap, he said, was the lack of transport.

Mr. M. A. Master proposed a vote of thans.

Among those present were Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas, Mr. A. P. Sabavalla, Sir Homi Mehta, Mr. Manu Subedar, Sir Francis Low, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mr Jamnadas Mehta and Mr. Madhavlal Bhat.

SIND REFUGEES AND GOVT. JOBS.

BOMBAY, Nov. 6 (UPI): The Government of Bombay has passed orders that the condition of domicile should be waived in the case of refugees applying for service under the Provincial Government provided they are qualified in other respects.

It appears the Government made this decision following a representation to the Premier by Dr. Choitram P. Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, urging that the Government should consider the Sindhis who have evacuated from Sind as domiciled persons as the heads of Government Departments were finding difficult to offer jobs to them as they were not considered domiciled persons of the Bombay Presidency.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED SALE OF SUGAR ABOVE CONTROL PRICE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A Rationing Inspector who ventured to sell 4 pounds of sugar above the control rate to an official of the People's Anti-Corruption League was caught red-handed.

It is said that D. G. Desai a Rationing Inspector (Mobile) came in contact with Mr. Sorab Patel, Secretary of the People's Anti-Corruption League, when the latter gave him a lift some time ago. It is alleged that the Rationing Inspector offered to sell Mr. Patel 4 founds of sugar Little apprehending that his prospective customer was an official of the Anti-Corruption League, the Inspector went to Mr. Patel's residence today afternoon at about 1 p.m. and sold him four pounds of sugar at the rate of one rupee four annas per pound. As soon as the deal was completed the Inspector was arrested by Sub-Inspector Patil of the Crime Branch 2.

U.N.O. FELLOWSHIP FOR TATA INSTITUTE GRADUATE

Mrs. Indira Renu, a graduate of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, who is on the staff of the Child Guidance Clinic of the Institute as Psychiatric Social Worker, has been awarded a U.N.O. Fellowship to study the organisation and administration of Child Guidance Clinics in the United States and Canada. Mrs. Renu is leaving by air for New York on Saturday, November the 8th, 1947.

Municipal Councillor Acquitted Of Cheating Charge

BOMBAY Thursday.

John Richard Fernandes, a Councillor of the Bandra Municipality who was being prosecuted on a charge of cheating in respect of Rs. 500/- was ordered to be acquitted by Mr. C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade Police Court, yesterday.

The prosecution case was that the accused took Rs 500 from Salvador Thomas D'Souza a cook, when he was Chairman of the Public Health Committee of the Bandra Municipality in 1945 promising to grant the complainant a licence to open a pork stall in Santa Cruz, which he failed to do.

The defence pleaded that the allegations were false and the complaint was inspired by interested persons who were against the accused.

Building Grants To Secondary Schools

Sanction has been accorded by the Government of Bombay to the proposal to increase the present per capita rates of Building grants to the secondary schools from Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 in respect of pupils in standards I to V and from Rs. 150 to Rs. 300 in respect of pupils reading in higher standards, for a period of three years in the first instance. The revised rates will be given effect to from the year 1946-47 and the position will be reviewed after three years.

Austria To Get $26,000,000 Of Nazi-Looted Gold

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4 (UPA):—The United States, Britain and France to-day agreed to give Austria approximately dol 26,000,000 in gold that was looted during the war by the Nazis.

The protocol, signed in London by the three countries and Austria, was the second distribution of looted gold made in recent weeks by the Tripartite Commission.

France is to receive dol. 104,150,250 in gold and the Netherlands dol. 40,376,250.

The United States has urged early distribution of the "gold pot," as part of its programme to give France, Austria, Italy and other European countries stop-gap financial aid. The supply of looted gold, to be finally distributed, is expected to reach at least dol. 330,000,000.

The claims by ten European countries for the gold, already total more than dol. 800,000,000.

To-day's protocol stipulated that Austria had agreed that the dol. 26,000,000 settlement met "in full, the satisfaction of all Austrian claims against Germany for restitution of her monetary gold."

Sind 'Kharif' Crop

KARACHI, Nov. 5 (UPI): Mr. R.R. Pearce, Director of Civil Supplies, Sind in a press conference today said that the final "kharif" crop position in Sind was better than it was originally anticipated and the total crop was estimated at 4,50,000 tons. He added that there was a surplus of 1,00,000 tons of whole rice and 20,000 tons of broken rice and there was no surplus of jowar or bajri.

ERRATIC PRICE MOVEMENT IN ACTIVE SHARES

COTTON QUIETLY STEADY WITH RESTRICTED TRADING

Bullion Market Declines On Realizing Sales

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet but under renewed buying prices moved up but the market softened in the middle of the session with Steel shares leading the downward drift. It seems that in view of approaching Diwali Holidays most of the open interest was being evened up as there is no disposition to carry over extensive open business through Holidays in view of political uncertainty. Particulary Tata Steel Dfd. shares fluctuated widely while others moved in sympathy

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 1695 and advanced at Rs. 1735 but downturned at Rs. 1685. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 350 and after improving at Rs. 352 came back to the opening level of Rs. 350. Bombay Dyeings which are firmly held by some operators opened at Rs. 1057 and improved at Rs. 1065 but declined at Rs. 1052. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 555 and after improving at Rs. 560 quietened at Rs. 554. Simplex shares were steady at Rs 230 with restricted business while Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 581

During the last half an hour shorts came in to cover their protected sales and Tata Steel Dfds again moved up at Rs. 1715 and finally steadied at Rs. 1712, Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 351, Bombay Dyeing recovered at Rs. 1060 while Kohinoors improved at Rs. 562, Swadeshi shares also advanced at Rs. 585. Simplex shares were neglected at Rs. 229. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 153 while Scindia shares were placed at Rs. 34/7. The market was steady with active price movement in Tata Steel Dfds.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1060 Kohinoor 560 Swadeshi 584 Nagpur 292 Simplex 230 New Great 361 Gokak X D 315 Indore 570 Century 975 Colaba 250 I Bleaching 138 Swan 340 Finlay 291 Morarji 550 Edward 682/8 Meyer 230 Apollo 3/14/6 I U Ordinary 15/3 I U Defd 2/12/6 Madhusudan 270 Poddar 520 Khatau X D 346/4.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 354 Tata Steel Dfd 1710 Second 151/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 154

INDUSTRIES

Burma 496/4 Belapur 272 Shivrajpur 35/8 Scindia 34/8 Construction 184 Tata Chemical 13/14 Tata Oil 63 Indian Iron 32/2 Bengal Steel 25/4

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 128 Tata Hydro 173 Andhra 1571/4 Power X D 1720

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 81 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mfg 4460 Kooria 271/4 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 206/4 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 495 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/8 Bharat 43 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 202/8 Laxmi 1625 Vishnu 620 Western 4325 Standard 502/8 Sholapur 6100 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4550 Tata 72 Ahemdabad Advance X D 430 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/14 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 280 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 52 Simplex Cpn. 116

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 145 New 111/44 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 155 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 167/8 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve 117/8 Imperial 2272/8 P P 553/12 Central 86 Coupon 18 India 239/8 Union 9/14 Baroda 164/8 Habib 151 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 63 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 38 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 770 New India 70/4 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 14/4 Indian Mercantile 52 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 285 Steamer 575 Burma New 162/8 B B Petrol 3/1/0 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 74/8 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 103/8 Wimco 267/8 Dharamsey Chemical 35 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 18/2 Alembic 255 Supreme India 142 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 155 United Motor 80 A.C.C. New 86 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 18

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 203/12 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1431/4 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 123/2 Bradbury 500 Surat Elec. 169/6 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 127 (Second Pref.) 126/4 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 6

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6
B. Dyeing 1055 70 50 60
C. India 291 93/8 90 91 90 92
Elphinstone 0.81
Elphinstone (Pref.) 123/2
Finlay 290/8 92 89/8 91
Gokak 313 16 12 10
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12 2/12/6
I. U. (Ord.) 15/0/6 15/4 15/2 15/6
Indore 565 75 65 70
Kohinoor 554 62 53 55 52 64 60
Morarji 545 55 42/8 50
Podar 320
Simplex 229 30 29 30
Swadeshi 580 82 78 82 80 81 78 84
Tata Mills 72
Visnnu 620
C. P. Rly. 108

BANKS.

Central 86 86/8 85/8 86
Imperial (New) 560 53/12
India 240 39/8
Reserve 117/4 17/12 17/8
U. Commercial 64 63

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 145
B. Tram (Ord.) 128/8 28 29 28/4
Hydro 172 73
New India Ass. 69/12 70/4

STEAMER.

B. Steam 572/8 75
Scindia 34/10 34/6 35 34/9 34/13 34/5 34/8

STEEL.

B. Steel 25 25/12 25/14 25/4
I. Iron 33 33/2 31/14 32/6 32/2 32/4
Tata (Defd.) 1702/8 1692/8 1717/8 12/8 35 15 22/8 10 12/8 1690 95 87/8 97/8 90 1715 10
Tata (Ord.) 348/8 54/8 52/8 53 51 53 49 50 48 54
Tata (IInd Pref.) 152 51/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 283/12 35
A.C.C. (Old) 154 53 54/8 55 53/8 53 54
Belapur 273 74 72 74 72
B B. (Old) 495 97/8 92/8 96/4
B. B. (New) 162/8 60/10 62/8
B. B. Petrol 3/1
I. I. Trust 103/8
Port Canning 74/8
P. Const. 184 85 83 84
Tata Chem. 13/13 13/12 14 13/13 13/14
Tata Oil 64 63 63/8 63
Wimco 268/12 66/4 67/8 66/4 67/8

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 17 18
Central Bank (New) 37/3
Simplex Coupon 116
Haydari Const. 18

1959 (8) 107 I Hume Pipe (6) 111
Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchand nagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 2/14 B I C 8
Burma Corporation 3/13 New Victoria 4/10 New Victoria Preference 6/4 Raja 26 Phalton 90 Gold Mohur 305 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 225 Ajamshahi 200 Air Service 14/8 Air India 190 Ambica 14/8 Hind Motor 7/1 I Steam 12/13 Sone Valley 9

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 6

	Rs.	as.	p
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1960	103	4	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	7	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	14	0
2-3/4 p.c 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c Non-Terminable ..	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100	13	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	5	0
3 p.c 1963-65	102	0	0
3 p.c 1966-68	101	11	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	101	10	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100	4	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57 ..	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68 ...	117	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2-3/4 p.c. U P 1961 ..	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c Bombay 1955 ...	102	2	0
3 p.c Bombay 1958 ...	102	0	0
3 p.c Punjab 1949 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W F. 1952 ...	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. 1977	101	5	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	121	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.

Tata Ordinary 354; Tata Deferred 1710; Indian Iron 32/4; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 25/4; Bombay Dyeing 1060; Central India 291/14; Gokak 315; Kohinoor 560; Simplex 230; Swadeshi 582/12; Tata Power 1720; Associated Cement 154; Belapur 271/14; Bombay Burma (Old) 496/4; Scindia 34/8; Central Bank 86/4; New India 70/4; Tata 2nd Pref. 151/4.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.—The Bullion Market opened steady and improved on renewed buying but the improvement in quotations attracted moderate profit-taking and the market quietened.

At the opening forward silver was placed at Rs. 158/12 and advanced at Rs 159/4 on moderate buying but later declined at Rs. 158/8 on long liquidation Ready Silver was quoted at Rs 157/12. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 103/12 and improved at Rs. 103/15 but declined at Rs 103/8 Ready Gold was quoted at Rs 103/12 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs 68/8

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	Rs.	157	12 0
Forward Silver		158	2 0
Ready Gold		103	8 0
Forward Gold		103	4 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.

The local cotton market was fairly steady to-day with covering by yesterday's sellers. It is said that these operators sold about 50 thousand bales and they are covering. Such business is mostly of a Taruvni type but the market displays good undertone With improvement in political situation, the market looks like doing better.

At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 461 and declined at Rs. 460/8. At this level there was moderate buying and January improved at Rs 461/8

Thereafter there was renewed selling which weakened January contract at Rs. 459/8 but steadied at Rs. 460/8 on moderate support. March delivery business was done at Rs. 463/8.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	Rs.	460	0 0
I.C.C. March		463	14 0
I.C.C. May		470	12 0
I.C.C. July		478	8 0
I.C.C. September		484	8 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 5

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing
Jan.	464-1/4	459-3/4	460-3/8
March	467-1/2	463-3/4	463-7/8
May	474	470-1/2	470-7/8
July	482	478	478-5/8
Sept.	487-1/2	484	484-1/8
Karachi 4F Jan	50-7-6	50-3-3	50-7-6

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1487 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov 6.—The produce market was quiet today with very little demand for groundnuts early Holders of Railway receipts were prepared to offer groundnuts at Rs 28/14 to Rs 29. Khandesh quality November|December was quoted at Rs 28/6. Bold November|December were placed at Rs. 28/3 and December|January at Rs 27/2. Oil November was quoted at Rs 16/14. December at Rs 16/5 and January at Rs 16/1 Castorseeds Ready were quoted at Rs 30/8 May delivery opened today at Rs 130 and after advancing at Rs 130/10 declined at Rs 129/10. Linseed Ready was quoted at Rs. 29/8 while February|March was placed at Rs. 26/12.

Castorseeds May delivery finally closed at Rs. 129/8.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.

Strong tendencies prevailed reflecting continued day conditions in the South-West winter wheat belt and the statement by a department of agricultural official that the 1948 wheat crop may fall to 100,000,000 bushels. The strength of cash markets accompanied by unfavourable weather in the maize belt and further hedge lifting in wheat against sales of cash wheat to the Government and flour for export served additionally to intensify the upwing. Commodity Credit Corporation wheat purchases yesterday included 460,000 bushels in Kansas city, 215,000 in Minneapolis and 155,000 in Chicago. Towards the close prices reacted from the day's best levels under active profit-taking based on technical considerations.

RESTRICTED TRADING ON WORTH STREET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5, (U. P. A.): The uncertain labour situation in the Southern mills plus the post-holiday disposition to await the Government cotton report on Monday combined to restrict trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market today.

Demand for almost all constructions continued.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

The "Journal of Commerce" estimates U. S. cotton crop at 11,649,000 bales compared with 11,508,000 estimated by the Dept. of Agriculture in October

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5

December 2.95-3/4 to 2.94.
March 2.88-3/4
May 2.81-3/4 to 2.82.
July 2.46-3/4 to 2.47.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Nov. 5.

U S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION

London, Nov. 5.

Silver Spot 45-1/8 d., Silver Forward 44-7/8 d. Gold £8/12/3.

FEEBLE RALLYING ATTEMPT IN WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 5

Early indecision with Tuesday's elections showing that the Republicans had suffered some important setbacks was later succeeded by irregularly higher tendencies covering one point or so, as good corporate news continued to influence the market. Leading steels chemicals, wetstocks, motors, minings and oils featured on the advance. Trading was quiet, and it is believed that any important move either way is unlikely with the special session of Congress less than a fortnight away. The averages were industrials 182.88 and rails 48.65. Prices proved susceptible to orders on both accounts with the result when follow through support turned timed, irregularly lower tendencies developed covering one point or so. Leading steels, wetstocks, papers, motors, aviations, amusements and drugs proved particularly vulnerable. Irregularity is seen as ruling until ideas are clarified in regard to what legislation is expectable at the special session of Congress. Brokers are anticipating that the crop of good corporate news to gain headway soon and this is counted on to offset any nervous selling. Rallying attempts were feeble and scattered with the market closing at or around the day's low levels. The session closed barely steady.

American Telephone and Telegraph	155 3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	30 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	34
Chase National Bank	36 1/8
Sinclair Oil	16
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	51
General Electric Co.	36
General Motors	58 7/8
Ingersol Rand	126 1/2
International Nickel	29 1/4
National City Bank of New York	40 7/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13 5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16 7/8
Texas Corporation	57 7/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	104
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining	46
U. S. Steel Corporation Common ex div.	75
Western Union Telegraph ..	21 1/2

INDIAN GOLD BULLION ARRIVES IN U. K.

LONDON, Nov. 5 (U. P. A.): The steamship Cilicia arrived Mersey docks today from India with a cargo of gold bullion of unknown amount. It was, however, learned from authoritative circles that the shipment represents "repatriated gold brought here for safe keeping" The informant said it was "not destined to transhipment to New York."

The Mersey docks also have two other ships unloading gold bullion

At Canada Docks in Liverpool, the steamer Rustenburg Castle from South Africa is unloading gold bars reportedly worth over one million pounds sterling while on the same docks the vessel Tarkwa is unloading a smaller consignment from Lagos. West Africa —both shipments are understood to be routine portions of South Africa's 80 million sterling gold loan

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Nov. 5, (U. P. A.): Black pepper futures closed today inactive and unchanged. In the spot market, business was slow to resume after Election Day holiday Grinders and other consumers bid firm prices for spot deliveries but interest in forward position lagged pending further developments in primary markets

Spot lampong black pepper was quoted at 54 cents asked and white muntok at 58 cents per pound asked.

Closing prices included:

December	44 cents nom.
January	39 cents nom.
March	35 nom.
May through October,	33 cents nom.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Nov 5 (U. P. A.): A small amount of business was done on the London market in white pepper today at 2/7-1/2. Black lampong was quoted at 1/9-1/4 per pound.

The prices quoted on November 4th were: White, 2/8, but buyers were not interested unless the price was around 2/7-1/2. Black lampong was quoted at 1/9-1/2.

The market is newsless about Java where existing stocks have been taken over by the Government and held solely for Netherlands consumption or for such countries as Czechoslovakia, Switzerland, Spain, etc., with whom the Netherlands has trade treaties.

Neither the United Kingdom nor the United States is among these countries.

Active Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market By Mills

Prices Gain 23 To 48 Points

NEW YORK, Nov. 5, (U. P. A.): Trading was moderately active on the New York market today Prices showed increasing firmness after a higher opening. The confidence of buyers was somewhat restored by the hopes that the Administration may moderate its price control plans in exchange for quick Congressional action on the foreign aid programme. While the whole Washington situation is still a matter of great conjecture, the impression has gained ground that Commodity controls may not prove as drastic as originally expected. That feeling is also noticeable in other commodities, particularly grains which gave added fillip to buyers' confidence in cotton. Supplementary price fixing factors included abatement in the hedge selling pressure which in turn lent emphasis to recent trade estimates that producers were holding about 50 per cent of their ginnings for higher prices along with hopes that the threatened textile workers' strike in four southern states may be averted through a compromise wage agreement.

HEAVY TEXTILE ORDERS.

With the existing heavy textile order backlog some observers felt any sustained advance would bring manufacturers back into the spot market on a more liberal scale.

The bullish sentiment in the market was also bolstered by reiterated reports that England was inquiring for an undisclosed quantity of American cotton and the possibility that the Army may be back in the market soon for raw cotton for Japan because of the bogdown in turning future purchases back into private hands

MARKET OPENS HIGHER.

Today's session opened four to 17 higher. Prices crept upward with little interruption, scoring the day's best levels near the close Finally, the prices were 23 to 48 higher.

Much interest is attached to reports that Japanese made cotton goods may be shipped here for consumption over protests of domestic manufacturers. Unconfirmed reports say that an agreement may shortly be signed between a number of Government departments to allow limited quantities of certain specifications to come to the United States. An understanding is reported to have been reached between the Army and the Departments of State and Agriculture on the terms of the agreement to be written into the present Commodity Credit Corporation contract. However, cotton mill men are said to be vigorously opposing any move to bring Nippon goods here and plan to take up the case again with Under Secretary of Army W. H. Draper late next week.

SHIPMENTS TO JAPAN.

Meanwhile, it is reported that out of the 350,000 bales of raw cotton purchased by the Army for Japan, some 118,000 bales are still awaiting shipment, but this is expected to clean these shores by November 17th. That will complete the Government contract to purchase raw cotton for SCAP in Japan.

Whether private financing will take over the coming purchases programme for Japan remains much in doubt. While the newly created North American Cotton Corporation, with a private capital investment of $3,000,000 plus $15,000,000 from the Export Import Bank was to have been the medium for the private programme, it is now questioned whether SCAP has authority to offer Nippon gold reserves as collateral for payment of raw cotton. C.C.C. officials meanwhile are quoted to the effect that "it is anybody's guess about how Japan will obtain cotton after November 17th."

Greater responsiveness of the market to buying than selling orders despite Washington uncertainties is convincing dealers more solidly than the list is headed for higher ground

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Nov. 5

December	32.62+41
January	32.64+21
March	32.82+44
March Highest	32.85+54
March Lowest	32.43+09
May	32.80+41
July	32.10+46
October	29.65+26
December	29.26+23
March	28.97+35
Middling Spot	33.17+42

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Nov 5

December	32.61+42
March	32.83+45
May	32.80+44
July	32.08+36
October	29.74+25
Middling Spot	32.25+45

BUILDING GUTTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Damage estimated at several thousands of rupees was caused by a fire which broke out in a single-storeyed building at Mohamedali Road this morning. The whole building including a crockery shop on the ground floor and a godown on the first floor was completely gutted.

The fire-brigade was on the spot very soon. Men of the Brigade had to struggle with the flames for over an hour before they could bring the fire under control. As it was impossible to force open the door of the shop the firemen had to make their entry into the building by way of the roof.

Tenants of the adjoining building had to quit bag and baggage under police order as it was feared that fire might spread in that building also The cause of the fire is not known.

Owing to fire a part of the Mohamedali Road was flooded with water This area was cordoned off by the police and guarded by Superintendent Scott who controlled the traffic.

Naval Architect's Evidence In "Ramdas" Inquiry

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Thomas Hunter, witness for the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company, owners of s. s. "Ramdas" was examined by Mr Sorabji Vimadalal, at the Marine Court of Inquiry, today Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, presided

Witness stated that he was a Naval architect and a member of the Institution of Naval Architects London. He had undergone training in designing and building of ships and had practiced as a naval architect for seven years. From Sept. 1 he was with the Scindia Steam Navigation Company.

He had been consulted by the directors of the Company about the sinking of Ramdas with particular regard to its stability. He had seen diagrams regarding hydrostatic particulars together with copies of the Survey Certificates.

Mr Hunter said he had been in sole charge of Inclining Experiments on all types of ships. This experiment was performed when a vessel was almost completely fitted out and when there were no workmen on board. Usually it was performed one week before a vessel was delivered to the owners when only a small amount of work like the putting of furniture and canvas on board remained to be done

Referring to the cement boxes which were in the bays of the stokehold of s. s. "Ramdas", and which were removed but not replaced in 1946, Mr. Hunter stated that he was told it weighed 8 tons. This cement and rubble in the stokehold would not be part of the cement leavening which is required by Lloyds Rules and Regulations to protect the structure of the vessel's bottom and bridges. The cement and rubble according to Mr. Hunter, would be put into the ship in view of the performance or execution of repairs to the bottom 4 days which had deteriorated. It was quite usual to effect a temporary repair in this manner until it was possible to make normal repairs.

He would not consider such cement for temporary repairs as ballast. "I have no doubt" he said, that among the assessors of the Court some must have effected temporary repairs in a similar manner" As he did not consider this to be ballast, he would not consider replacing this cement after permanent repairs were carried out

Asked if after major repairs there was no need for an Inclining test, Mr Hunter said. "It is not necessary at any time to have a further Inclining experiment after the first one has been performed by the builders, provided no alteration is made to the under-water form of the hull even though major repairs are performed"

Witness was of the opinion that it was essential to remove the cement leavening when carrying out repairs. But the leavening had to be replaced before the Lloyds Certificate could be obtained. The removal and non-replacement of the 8 tons of cement and rubble from 4 bays of the stokehold did not appreciably affect the ship's stability.

Mr Hunter further deposed that from the plans and data submitted to him he had made calculations about the departure conditions of s. s. "Ramdas" on the day of the disaster From his calculations he could say that the vessel had an initial stability of 1.65 feet out immediately on departure this measure of stability might have been reduced due to 'free-water' from the boats.

In the 'light' condition of Ramdas he said its stability when handed over by the builders was 2.13 feet. He explained that 'light condition meant a condition when there was nothing on board, like water, ballast crew fues etc. In a similar condition the ship's stability at the time of the departure would have been 2.13 ft according to his calculations thus showing no appreciable difference in stability between the time it was first constructed and July 17 when it sank.

ASSUMPTIONS AND ASSERTIONS

Questioned with regard to the basis of some of his calculations Mr. Hunter stated that he had assumed that the weight per passenger was 140 lbs. or 16 persons to the ton. His assumptions with regard to the distribution of passengers and crew on that day had given him 46.3 tons as passengers weight and the vertical centre of gravity with regard to passengers as 19 ft. above the base of the vessel.

Witness maintained that in his calculations he had taken into effect extreme possible factors, and hence conditions, on any sailing day relating to the disposition of passengers and its bearing on stability of the vessel, would be better than shown in his calculations. He also said that the free surface of a tank not filled to the brim would adversely affect stability.

He also considered that carrying the double-bottom water ballast tank empty instead of carrying it full and hard-pressed, could make negligible difference to stability.

Witness answers to questions were couched in such technical and mathematical terms, that at one time, he had to use a board and chalk to illustrate his replies.

The maximum heel before capsizing, he said, would be 37 deg. In a ship of the type of "Ramdas", one could say, apart from taking passengers on board, there would be a list even when a gangway was put on the ship. Even on the biggest of ships such lists occurred though on account of their large size the list might be imperceptible.

Even if all the passengers and crew were standing on one side of S.S "Ramdas", witness stated the ship would still have a measure of stability.

HIND SILK MILL

Mr. K. C. Shah, Hind Silk Mill writes:—

"With reference to the recent Press Report that 8 workers of the Hind Silk Mill had been arrested following an altercation with the Manager regarding wage reduction, the following are the correct facts:—

There has been no wage reduction in the factory at all. On the evening of 31st October one worker was dismissed for assaulting the Supervisor Late a night on the same day some workers approached the Manager demanding his reinstatement. The Manager informed them that he would consider the matter in the morning However, when the Manager left the factory about midnight some of the workers had gathered near the gate and started throwing stones and assaulted him. A complaint was lodged in the police station, as a result of which the workers were arrested.

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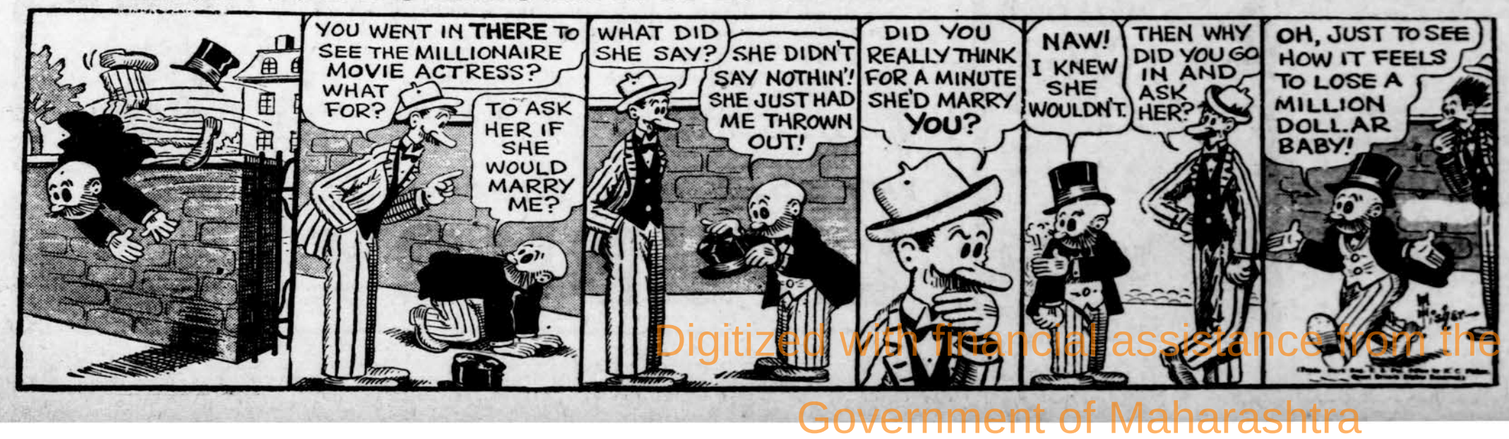
Fort Office Phone Nos. 24642 & 27174

MUTT AND JEFF—Why Go Along Wondering When You Can Find Out For Yourself

BY BUD FISHER


YOU WENT IN THERE TO SEE THE MILLIONAIRE MOVIE ACTRESS?
WHAT FOR?
TO ASK HER IF SHE WOULD MARRY ME?
WHAT DID SHE SAY?
SHE DIDN'T SAY NOTHIN'! SHE JUST HAD ME THROWN OUT!
DID YOU REALLY THINK FOR A MINUTE SHE'D MARRY YOU?
NAW! I KNEW SHE WOULDN'T.
THEN WHY DID YOU GO IN AND ASK HER?
OH, JUST TO SEE HOW IT FEELS TO LOSE A MILLION DOLLAR BABY!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Experienced Civil Engineer for Ratnagiri, Salary 150/175, quarters. Apply immediately Box No. 7387, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Medical Graduate or Sub-Assistant Surgeon for Novah Bombay Island. Salary 200/- Thoroughly experienced Compounder 80/-, free quarters. Apply immediately Box No. 7386, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Medical Representatives to sell Tinctures, specialities, chemicals, injectables, tablets, syrups, extracts, surgicals, etc., on lucrative terms. National Pure Drugs (India) Ltd., 31-A, Hara Lall Mitra Street, Baghbazar, Calcutta 3. 7347

Applications are invited for the post of a General Manager for Gauhati Bank Ltd., H. O. Gauhati, Assam, from persons having wide experience in the H.O. of a first class Bank in India for over five years. Maximum salary Rs. 1,500/- per month to deserving candidate excluding other allowances. Apply to the Managing Director within 30th. Nov. '47 with full particulars, testimonials and other references. (5964)

Wanted by a large Advertising Agency, brilliant young men and women, who want to take up advertising as a career and who possess exceptional writing talent in English and/or any one Indian Language preferably with 1st class university degree. Excellent opportunity for candidates who have personality and imagination, to become highly paid executives after training. Furnish (1) Age, height and weight. (2) Degree taken and language mastered. (3) Specimens of writings. (4) Connections and references and (5) Date when free to join, to Box No 5958 "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET

To Be Let: Double room blocks are to be let at Thana. See: Tambe. Daudshet's Hotel, Tembi, Thana. (7360)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Immediately Efficient Agents, who may secure Motor Insurance Business for the Motor & General Insurance Company, Limited, on competitive rates of commission. Apply to: Chief Agents: M/s. K. C. Rehbar & Co., (C) Thapar Buildings, Manmad. (G.I.P.) (7388)

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dea-lers for our famous Pearl, Horn and Nut Buttons. Diamond Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (7340)

FINANCIAL

Wanted financier to invest Rupees Two Lakhs as rolling finance in a well-established manufacturing factory (Engineering Concern) in Benares with very bright future prospects Apply to Box No. 7357 "Bombay Chronicle"

INVESTMENT

Various kinds of 6 to 7 1/2 per cent. Tax free Pref. Shares of Tea and others are available for sale Enquire Sterling Investment Co. 1 British Indian Street. Calcutta. 5581

MEDICAL ADLET

Free: Free God's Gift Medicine for Piles:— V. P. Charge Rs. 1/- only write in English. Menka Depot, 19, S. N. Bannerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462A)

ASTROLOGY & PALMISTRY

By a Super-Seer (Rushi) Correct and Genuine Predictions for 1948 for Rs. 5/- in advance. Send D/Birth and time or Palm-Print. Astrology taught by tuitions in 4 courses. Write for 1st course with Rs. 2/4 advance. Write for particulars and full horoscopes: Astrologer, 348, High Road, Triplicane, Madras. (7390)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale.—Manila Rope 1" thick-ness above 300 ft. long each bundle—unused—in good condition. Galvanised steel wire rope 3/4" and 1" thickness—in good condition, in various lengths above 300 ft. For particulars apply to M. Jamal Mohamed, Palakarai, Trichinopoly. (7389)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 14-11-47 for the supply of Split firewood at the Railway's Fuel Shops at Poona, Lonavla, Dehu Road, Dhond and Ahmednagar. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P Railway at Poona. 5887

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tender for the purchase of Old and Unserviceable stores and serviceable empty steel barrels 40/45 gallons capacity, empty paint drums and kegs. Forms obtainable from stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs 2/- per copy, not refundable Money Order or cash only. Closing date 26th November, 1947, at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 5917

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

PILOTS AND YOUNG MEN FOR MAKING RIAF A PERMANENT CAREER.

If you are physically fit, having passed the Matriculation Examination, and are keen on making a permanent career in RIAF, apply personally with your Certificates to No. 6, Air Force Recruiting Officer at any of the under-mentioned places on the dates stated.

Station.	Address.	Dates.
BOMBAY.	A.F.I. Bldg., Dhobi Talao.	On any working day between 09-00 hrs and 12-30 hrs.
NASIK.	Prakash Lodge, Saharanpur Road.	8th & 9th Nov. '47.
BARODA.	State Guest House	17th to 19th Nov. '47
AHMEDABAD	Employment & Recruiting Office.	21st to 23rd Nov. '47
POONA.	Recruiting Office, Climo Road.	28th & 29th Nov. '47.

(5956)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of various used articles from The India United Mills Ltd., No 1 Mill, No. 2 & 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill and will be received upto 15-11-47 at the registered office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from this office. (5954)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 2 & 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Saturday, the 15th November, 1947, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E.D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (5955)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the Construction of Purification Plant at Dharavi. The Plant shall be capable of giving primary and secondary treatment to five million gallons of sewage D.W.F. (ultimate flow ten million gallons). The secondary treatment shall be on 'High Rate Trickling Filters' of shallow type, with recirculation, including sludge digestion. The tenders will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday, the 5th December, 1947.

Forms of tender, specifications, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees five for each copy, to any one deputed to receive them by the Special Engineer (WORKS BRANCH), who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be supplied by post.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 4th November, 1947. (5953)

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 12th and 13th November, 1947, those days being Public Holidays (DIWALI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 3rd November, 1947.

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, 1st floor, Room No. 37 on Friday the 7th November, 1947, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.)

(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 6th November, 1947. (5966)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
K.E.M. HOSPITAL TENDER NOTICE.

THE LAST DATE of submitting the tenders for the supply of dietary articles to the K.E.M. and Dharavi Hospitals and Seth G.S.M. College for the year 1948--49 is extended to Friday the 21st November 1947.

By Order of the
Municipal Commissioner
R. G. DHAYAGUDE
DEAN

Parel, Bombay
5th November, 1947. (5965)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the works of

(1) Laying out Road No. 24-B, Scheme No 6 Sion Matunga Estate along with construction of storm water drain therein, and

(2) Providing cement concrete slabs (1:2:4) along Road No. 25-C, Scheme No. 6 Sion Matunga Estate.

The tenders will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday the 21st day of November, 1947.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy to any one deputed to receive the same by the Special Engineer (Works Branch), who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be supplied by post.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 4th November, 1947. 5961

NOTICE.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY 28th November, 1947, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 30th June, 1947.

(2) To elect Directors in place of.—
(i) Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart.
(ii) Ambalal Sarabhai, Esq.,
(iii) Dinsha K. Daji, Esq.,
who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

(3) To consider re-election of and if approved to re-elect Dr. Muzaffaruddin Qureshi who retires under the provisions of Article 132 and is eligible for re-election.

(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 14th November, 1947, to SATURDAY, the 6th December, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
J. D. CHOKSI,
Director.
Bombay, 31st Oct. 1947. 5960

NOTICE OF TENDER

TENDERS are invited only from contractors on the M.E.S. Approved List and within whose monetary limits the value of work lies, by The Chief Engineer, Southern Command, POONA for the construction of Married Accommodation for V. C. Os, I. O. Rs and Followers at S.M.E., KIRKEE, which is estimated to cost Rs. 6,00,000/-. Applications for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 17th November, 1947 to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, POONA No. 1.

Copies of conditions of contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the C.E.S.C., POONA during office hours.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 18 Nov. 47 and upto 19 Nov. 1947.

Tenders will be received upto 15-00 hours on 2nd DECEMBER, 1947. 5962

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
B. B. & C. I. RLY. BOMBAY.

QUOTATIONS RETURNABLE by 11 hours on 19-11-47 are invited on Railway's form for the supply of (1) Pulses (2) Edible Oils, (3) Spices and (4) Firewood from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions please apply to the Asstt. Controller of Grainshops, Churchgate Bombay, at any time during working hours. 5918

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instruction from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 22nd inst. at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed properties such as:— Jewellery, Old and New Clothes, Utensils, etc.,

The above on view on sale day cash will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF MODERN BURMAH TEAK, COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PHILIPS RADIO WESTINGHOUSE FRIGIDAIRE A.C. MAHAJONG SET ETC.

M/s. BENNETT & Co., will on SUNDAY, 9th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at Darbhunga Mansion, Carmichael Road off Pedder Road, complete modern furniture, Westinghouse frigidaire A.C. Philips 7 Valve Radio Mahaojong set drawing room suite, compactum wardrobes books, English glass crockery, plated and cutleryware, etc., belonging to J. F Paisley Esq. I. S. E. and others on view.

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
INSOLVENCY NO. 145 OF 1947.

Re: Messrs. ISRANEY TRADING CORPORATION, a firm, carrying on business at Vasant Wadi, Kalbadevi, Bombay. ..... Debtors.
Ex parte: ATMASINGH JESSASINGH ..... Petitioning Creditor.

On the Petition of the above-named Petitioning Creditor presented on the 29th day of October, 1947, an order was made on the 4th day of Nov. 1947, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the above-named Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 6th day of Nov. 1947.
SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar.
5963

DEAFNESS

Partial or total — complicated with head noises and other troubles—how long and what causes—cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment. Particulars on request.
KAMALA WORKS (B. C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL.

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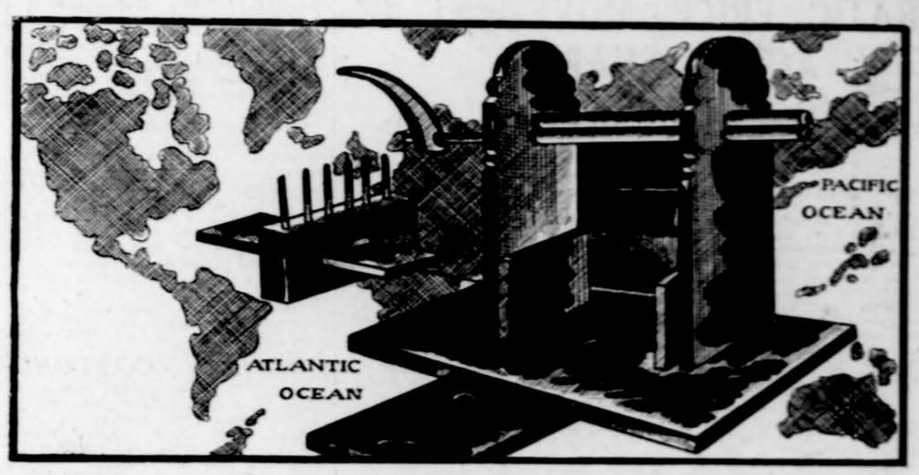
what a taste! It is certainly possible with orphan's tea. Both in flavour and taste orphan is a pleasure to the palate

ORPHAN TEA
ORPHAN TEA CO.
9, RAJA WOODMUNT STREET CALCUTTA

Stockists:—P. M. ZAVERI & Co.
Princess Street, Bombay 2.



Indian Cotton Was Internationally Known In The Twelfth Century

The principles of the roller gin used in textile mills all over the world today were embodied in the Churga Gin which was used in Ancient India to separate the staple from the black seeded cottons. Not only in this, but in all branches of the textile industry, Ancient India was so far ahead of the rest of the world that relics of Indian spun cotton have been discovered in such far away places as Europe and Africa, so far back as the Twelfth Century.

Founded in 1886, the Calico Mills form one of India's largest single units and, with Jubilee Mills, produce over 1,75,000 yards of fabrics a day. Today, more than ever before, its facilities are serving the Nation's efforts to fight the cloth shortage.

Sarees—Dhotis—Mulls—Printed Fabrics—Mosquito Netting
Sewing Threads—Furnishing Fabrics.

Calico Mills

Weaving to Keep the Nation Going

Managing Agents KARAMCHAND PREMCHAND LIMITED. Post Box 28, Ahmedabad.

Mr. PATEL of Bombay remembers...

When I was a young boy I learned the Lifebuoy habit from my mother . . .

My popularity and success at college were due to always being healthy and cheerful —thanks to the health-giving Lifebuoy habit . . .

To-day I am well employed, because I always made sure of good health—and now I make sure that my family has also learnt the Lifebuoy habit.

Be sure you follow the health-protecting Lifebuoy habit through the years. You are then assured of good health, for it will help prevent sickness from entering your home. And after a day's work take a Lifebuoy bath and see how refreshed you feel. It will give you new energy all over again.

Make certain children are also taught the Lifebuoy habit. With its special health ingredient, it protects them against the germs in dust and dirt. Be sure they remember always to wash with Lifebuoy.

the soap of a lifetime...

LIFEBUOY

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

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